

Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) Policy including Relationships, Sex and Health Education (RSHE)



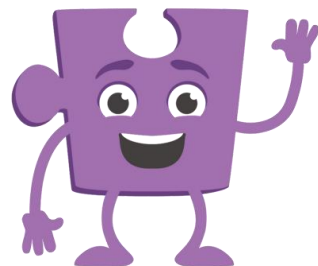
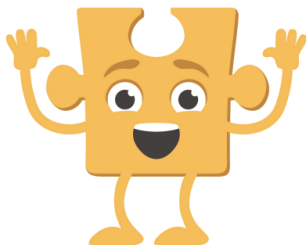
School Name: Cotteridge Primary School

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PSHE Lead: Samantha Jeffery

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Governor: Adam Jarvis



Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) is our comprehensive curriculum for supporting children's personal development, health, wellbeing and understanding of relationships.

We are required by law to teach Relationships Education and Health Education to all primary-aged pupils. We deliver these statutory subjects within our broader PSHE programme. Where we teach about human reproduction (sex education), we do so in line with the principles and approach of the 2025 Relationships, Sex and Health Education (RSHE) statutory guidance, in which sex education itself remains non-statutory (but recommended) in primary schools.

Our PSHE curriculum also includes age-appropriate aspects of economic education, preparing children to understand spending, saving and the world of work, and citizenship education including British Values, helping children understand their rights, responsibilities and role in society.

This policy explains our whole-school approach to PSHE education and how we meet our statutory duties.

1. Our Vision for PSHE Education

At Cotteridge Primary School we believe every child deserves an education that prepares them not only for academic success but also to thrive as rounded individuals in modern society. Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education sits at the heart of this commitment.

PSHE is not an add-on to our curriculum; it is fundamental to our children's development as confident, healthy and respectful members of society. Through high-quality PSHE, we equip pupils with the knowledge, skills and attributes they need to stay safe, maintain wellbeing, and build positive relationships throughout their lives.

Our curriculum is carefully designed to be developmental and progressive. From the moment children join our school, they begin to explore emotional literacy—learning to recognise, name and talk about feelings. This foundation grows year by year, helping pupils to manage emotions, develop resilience, and make informed decisions that support their own and others' wellbeing.

By embedding PSHE across our school culture, we nurture a community where respect, inclusivity and responsibility flourish. In doing so, we prepare our pupils not only for the challenges of childhood but also for adulthood, work and active citizenship.

We are committed to:

- Supporting the whole child - recognising that children's emotional and social development directly impacts their capacity to learn
- Creating a safe, inclusive environment where every child feels valued and able to discuss concerns without fear or stigma
- Building foundations for the future - providing age-appropriate learning that prepares children for the challenges and opportunities of adolescence and beyond
- Working in partnership with families, recognising that parents are children's first educators in many aspects of relationships and health
- Embedding PSHE across school life - not just in weekly lessons, but through our values, relationships, and everyday interactions

2. Statutory Requirements and Curriculum Framework

Under the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, all schools must provide a curriculum that:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils
- Prepares pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life

The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations (updated July 2025) make Relationships Education and Health Education statutory for all primary-aged pupils. These subjects must be taught in all maintained schools, academies, independent schools, maintained special schools, non-maintained special schools, and alternative provision settings.

We deliver statutory Relationships and Health Education within our comprehensive PSHE programme, using materials from Jigsaw PSHE 3-11. This provides children with a carefully sequenced, age-appropriate curriculum that meets all statutory requirements whilst

also developing wider personal and social capabilities. Our PSHE curriculum also supports our safeguarding responsibilities as set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education and the Prevent Duty, helping children to recognise concerns, stay safe online and offline, and seek help when needed.

Our curriculum addresses all statutory requirements including:

- Families and people who care for me
- Caring friendships
- Respectful, kind relationships
- Online safety and awareness
- Being safe
- Mental wellbeing
- Internet safety and harms
- Physical health and fitness
- Healthy eating
- Drugs, alcohol, tobacco and vaping
- Health protection and prevention
- Basic first aid
- Developing bodies (including puberty as part of Health Education)

A detailed mapping document showing how the Jigsaw programme covers every statutory outcome is available to view on request and can be accessed via the appendix attached.

3. The Jigsaw Approach: A Whole-School Framework

We use Jigsaw PSHE as our curriculum framework because it provides a comprehensive, carefully sequenced scheme of work that brings consistency and progression to children's learning across their primary years. Built on current research and best practice in child development, safeguarding and health education, it is kept continuously up to date with evolving statutory guidance and enables us to deliver high-quality PSHE education that meets our children's needs. The programme is distinctive in its approach including:

Emotional literacy at the core - Every Jigsaw lesson systematically develops children's emotional vocabulary and understanding. Children learn to recognise, name and talk about a wide range of feelings in themselves and others. This emotional literacy supports children's ability to share and discuss things that are important in their lives, to seek help when needed, and to build positive relationships.

Mindful practice - Every Jigsaw lesson begins with 'Calm Me Time', a mindfulness activity designed to support self-regulation and create a safe, focused space for learning. This consistent practice forms part of our approach to children's emotional wellbeing and helps children to be ready for open, thoughtful discussion.

Connection and community - The 'Connect Us' activity in every lesson strengthens relationships within the class and develops children's social skills, building a sense of belonging and mutual respect that underpins all learning.

Developing skills for respectful dialogue - PSHE lessons provide regular opportunities for children to develop and practise essential communication skills including listening to others, expressing their own views clearly and respectfully, considering different perspectives, and engaging in constructive discussion. These oracy skills are fundamental to building positive relationships and respectful communities, enabling children to navigate differences with kindness and to participate confidently in democratic discussion.

Age-appropriate spiral curriculum - Topics are revisited across year groups with increasing depth and complexity, enabling children to build on prior learning in line with their developing maturity and understanding, with teachers able to adapt according to their pupils' needs.

Interactive, participative teaching - Lessons are designed to be engaging and active, using discussion, role-play, problem-solving and creative activities to develop skills alongside knowledge. Children don't just gain information - they explore topics in age-appropriate ways and develop practical skills that support them in their everyday lives.

The Six Jigsaw Puzzles

Our PSHE curriculum is organised into six themed units ('Puzzles'), each taught for approximately half a term:

Term	Puzzle	Key Content
Autumn 1	Being Me in My World	Understanding personal identity, my place in the class and school community, rights and responsibilities, democracy, making a positive contribution.
Autumn 2	Celebrating Difference	Recognising and respecting diversity, challenging stereotypes, understanding difference and similarity, addressing bullying, building empathy and compassion.
Spring 1	Dreams and Goals	Setting and working towards goals, understanding aspirations and future possibilities, developing perseverance and resilience, recognising achievements, working collaboratively.
Spring 2	Healthy Me	The relationship between physical and emotional health; nutrition, sleep, exercise and hygiene; emotional wellbeing; drug education (including medicines); keeping safe; understanding habits and making healthy lifestyle choices.
Summer 1	Relationships	Understanding different relationships and their characteristics, our families, managing friendship challenges, conflict resolution and communication skills, recognising when relationships are unhealthy, understanding loss and bereavement.

Term	Puzzle	Key Content
Summer 2	Changing Me	Understanding life cycles and human growth, coping positively with change, body image and self-esteem, puberty education, changing relationships, and for upper Key Stage 2, human reproduction (where taught as sex education - see Section 6).

Adapting Jigsaw for Our School Community

Whilst we follow the Jigsaw programme, we recognise that our children, families and context have specific needs and characteristics. Our PSHE lead and class teachers carefully consider each lesson's content and approach to ensure it is appropriate and relevant for our pupils, taking into account:

- The specific needs, experiences and developmental stages of pupils in each class
- Pupil voice - gathered through feedback within lessons, informal discussions with children, class discussions, school council
- Local context and community considerations
- Feedback from parents, pupils and staff
- Our school's distinctive values and ethos

Where we make adaptations to the programme, these decisions are made thoughtfully, in consultation with senior leadership, and with reference to statutory requirements. Parents and carers are informed about significant adaptations, particularly where these relate to sensitive content.

4. Curriculum Time and Whole-School Approach

PSHE is taught weekly through dedicated curriculum time by the class teacher. Learning is integrated naturally into the classroom environment so that teachers can draw connections between PSHE and other areas of learning.

Beyond the Classroom: Embedding PSHE in School Life

We recognise that effective PSHE education extends far beyond weekly lessons. The skills, values and understanding developed in PSHE sessions are reinforced and 'lived' throughout our school day and across all areas of school life such as:

- Assemblies regularly explore PSHE themes, celebrating successes, exploring moral questions, and building whole-school awareness of current wellbeing and relationship topics.

- Our behaviour and relationships policy reflects the principles taught in PSHE, emphasising respect, kindness, responsibility and positive conflict resolution. Adults model these values in all interactions with children and each other.
- The Jigsaw Learning Charter established in each class at the start of the year becomes a living document that children refer to and use to guide behaviour and resolve difficulties.
- Playground and social times provide opportunities for children to practise the friendship and conflict-resolution skills learned in PSHE, supported by staff who understand the PSHE curriculum and can reference learning when supporting children.
- Emotional literacy taught in PSHE develops an extensive vocabulary for feelings and emotions which is reinforced throughout the school day, with staff supporting children to name and express their feelings, to understand others' emotions, and to use this awareness to build positive relationships and resolve difficulties. Our subject leader display materials, including feelings vocabulary and visual prompts, support this learning across the school including zones of regulation in all classrooms.
- Recognition and reward systems celebrate not just academic achievement but the personal and social qualities developed through PSHE - kindness, perseverance, respect, courage, and contribution to the school community.
- Our learning environment reflects PSHE values, with working walls displaying current learning, vocabulary walls supporting emotional literacy, and visual prompts reinforcing key concepts like the Jigsaw Charter, feelings vocabulary, and strategies for wellbeing.

Learning Outdoors: Connecting PSHE to Our Environment

“Schools should emphasise the relationships between physical health and mental wellbeing, and the benefits of physical activity and time spent outdoors.”

DfE RSHE Guidance 2025, para 40

We use our school grounds and local outdoor spaces to enhance PSHE learning, providing opportunities for children to experience the wellbeing benefits of time in nature, to develop environmental awareness, and to apply their learning in varied contexts.

Teachers plan regular opportunities to take PSHE learning outside where appropriate, and we encourage children to spend time outdoors during breaks and lunchtimes, recognising that unstructured outdoor play supports emotional regulation, creativity, and relationship-building.

5. Relationships and Health Education: Statutory Content

Relationships Education

Relationships Education is compulsory for all primary-aged children and there is no right of withdrawal. It focuses on teaching children the fundamental building blocks of positive, respectful relationships with family, friends, peers and adults.

By the end of primary school, our children will understand:

- Families and people who care for me - That families come in many forms and all can provide love, security and stability; the characteristics of healthy family life; how to recognise unhealthy family relationships and seek help; marriage and civil partnerships as legal commitments.
- Caring friendships - How friendships contribute to happiness and security; characteristics of healthy friendships including mutual respect, trust, loyalty and kindness; how to recognise and navigate friendship difficulties; how to make and maintain positive friendships.
- Respectful, kind relationships - The importance of paying attention to others' needs; setting and respecting boundaries; communicating effectively and managing conflict with kindness; the importance of respect and self-respect; different types of bullying and how to respond; understanding stereotypes and how to challenge them.
- Online safety and awareness - How to behave respectfully online; critically evaluating online relationships and information; understanding privacy and personal information; recognising and reporting online risks; age restrictions for social media; understanding that content online can be inappropriate or upsetting.
- Being safe - Understanding appropriate and inappropriate boundaries; concepts of privacy and consent; that each person's body belongs to them; how to recognise when relationships are unsafe; how to respond to concerning adults; how to report abuse and seek help with confidence.

Health Education

Health Education is compulsory for all primary-aged children and there is no right of withdrawal. It focuses on supporting children to make informed decisions about their health and wellbeing.

By the end of primary school, our children will understand:

- Mental wellbeing - The normal range of emotions; how to recognise, talk about and manage feelings; simple self-care techniques; that mental health challenges are common and can be supported; where and how to seek help when needed.
- Internet safety and harms - The benefits and risks of internet use; rationing screen time; recognising and displaying respectful online behaviour; age restrictions on games and apps; being discerning about online information; where to report concerns.
- Physical health and fitness - Benefits of an active lifestyle; building regular physical activity into routines; risks of inactive lifestyles; when to seek health support.
- Healthy eating - What constitutes a healthy diet; principles of healthy meal planning; risks of unhealthy eating including impacts on teeth and weight; impacts of alcohol on health.
- Drugs, alcohol, tobacco and vaping - Age-appropriate facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks, including the risks of nicotine addiction.
- Health protection and prevention - Recognising early signs of illness; sun safety; importance of good quality sleep; dental health and oral hygiene; personal hygiene and germ spread; facts about vaccination and immunisation.
- Personal safety - Recognising hazards and reducing risks; road, water and rail safety; when and how to seek help in emergencies.
- Basic first aid - How to make emergency calls; dealing with common injuries including head injuries.

- Developing bodies - Understanding growth and body changes during adolescence; correct names for body parts; facts about the menstrual cycle including physical and emotional changes (noting that whilst average age of menstruation is 12, it can begin from age 8, so we teach this content before girls experience menstruation).

Building Foundations for Secondary RSHE

The primary PSHE curriculum is carefully designed to be age-appropriate and valuable for children's current stage of development. This learning also builds strong foundations that will support children as they encounter more complex content at secondary school. For example:

- Children learn skills for managing difficult feelings in friendships like disappointment or anger. These are essential skills for their current friendships and family relationships, and support them to behave with kindness as their relationships become more complex.
- Children learn about appropriate boundaries, privacy and consent in age-appropriate ways from early primary. This learning is crucial for safeguarding - enabling children to recognise when something doesn't feel right, to understand that they have rights over their own bodies and personal information, and to seek help when needed. These concepts become increasingly important as children develop and encounter different situations, both now and in future relationships.
- We teach children to recognise healthy relationship characteristics and warning signs across all relationships. This helps them navigate their current friendships and family relationships, with skills they'll continue to apply throughout their lives.
- Understanding of online safety, digital literacy and respectful online behaviour builds progressively throughout primary. We recognise that some of our children are already spending time online, and those who are not will have questions or concerns about the online world. Our approach is preventative, equipping children with knowledge and skills to stay safe if they do encounter online content or situations, rather than normalising excessive or unsafe internet use. This prepares children to navigate the more complex digital relationships and challenges they'll encounter as teenagers.
- Learning about emotions, mental wellbeing and self-care begins early and deepens each year. This supports children's current wellbeing and helps them manage the everyday challenges of childhood, whilst ensuring they reach secondary with established vocabulary, awareness and strategies for protecting their mental health.

This progressive, developmental approach ensures that PSHE content is always age-appropriate and relevant to children's current lives, whilst also building solid foundations for more sophisticated understanding as they mature.

Challenging Stereotypes and Promoting Respect

Throughout our PSHE curriculum, we actively work to break down harmful stereotypes, including gender stereotypes that can limit children's aspirations, reinforce inequalities, or contribute to disrespectful behaviour, and explain how some characteristics are protected under UK law. As children progress through the programme, they encounter a number of protected characteristics in age-appropriate ways, understanding why certain groups have legal protection from discrimination and how this relates to treating all people with dignity and respect.

For example, children learn that all people deserve respect regardless of their sex, and we challenge outdated ideas about what boys and girls "should" be like, what they can achieve, or how they should behave. We help children understand that boys and girls can have diverse interests, strengths, and personalities, and that qualities like kindness, strength, nurturing, and courage are human qualities that everyone can demonstrate, not traits that belong only to one sex.

Age-appropriately, we address how stereotypes and prejudiced attitudes, including misogyny, can lead to unkind behaviour, bullying, and a lack of respect in relationships. We make clear that everyone - boys and girls - has responsibility for treating others with kindness and respect, and that harmful attitudes or language are never acceptable.

This approach supports both safeguarding and the development of healthy, equal relationships, helping all children to feel valued and to respect others.

6. Sex Education in Cotteridge Primary School Primary School

Sex education is not compulsory in primary schools, however the Department for Education recommends that all primary schools teach age-appropriate sex education to ensure children are prepared for the changes adolescence brings and understand how human life begins.

At Cotteridge Primary School our approach to sex education is:

Sex Education as part of PSHE (subject to parental withdrawal)

We teach age-appropriate sex education in Years 5 and 6 as part of our PSHE curriculum, going beyond the statutory content about puberty to include factual information about human reproduction. We believe this information is important for children before they leave primary school, particularly as children naturally become more aware and curious about how life begins, and may seek information from less reliable sources if we do not provide age-appropriate, factual teaching.

We define sex education as learning about human reproduction. It is defined as those lessons covering sexual intercourse, conception, the stages of pregnancy and birth. It includes the emotional impact of having a baby as well as the physical facts. Sex education is not learning about different types of sexual activity.

This is distinct from the statutory Health Education content about puberty and menstruation, and from Science curriculum content about life cycles and reproduction in mammals, from which children cannot be withdrawn.

The following Jigsaw lessons in the Changing Me Puzzle contain non-statutory sex education content:

Year 5: Conception

Year 6: Babies: Conception to Birth

Parent Engagement and the Right to Withdraw from Sex Education

Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education taught as part of PSHE. Parents do NOT have the right to withdraw children from:

- Relationships Education (statutory)
- Health Education, including puberty education (statutory)
- Science curriculum content, including content about reproduction (statutory)

Before making a decision to withdraw a child from sex education, we invite parents to discuss their concerns with the class teacher and the PSHE leader."]. This discussion helps us to understand the request and enables us to clarify the nature and purpose of the curriculum, discuss the benefits of the education, and consider any potential impacts of withdrawal on the child.

Where a parent requests withdrawal, we will:

- Arrange a meeting to discuss the request and the curriculum content in detail
- Share relevant teaching materials so parents can see exactly what will be taught
- Explain how we will support the child during withdrawal
- Respect the parent's final decision whilst documenting our professional advice

We inform parents about sex education content by: sending curriculum information letters at the start of the summer term, holding parent information sessions, and making all materials available for viewing on request.

A withdrawal request form is sent out to all parents.

Responding to children's questions

We recognise that children may ask questions beyond our planned curriculum. Teachers use professional judgement to respond, and may answer briefly and factually if age-appropriate, suggest the child speaks with their parent or carer, or acknowledge the question while explaining they'll learn more when older.

If a withdrawn child asks questions about sex education content, teachers will sensitively explain this is something their parents would like to discuss at home. We will inform parents so they can follow up.

7. Inclusive Practice and Equality

We are committed to an inclusive PSHE curriculum that is accessible to and respectful of all children and families.

Meeting the Equality Act 2010

We comply with the Equality Act 2010 and the Public Sector Equality Duty, ensuring that PSHE is taught in a way that:

- Does not subject pupils to discrimination
- Promotes equality of opportunity
- Fosters good relations between people with protected characteristics and those without

The protected characteristics are: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage or civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, and sexual orientation.

Teaching about Families and Relationships

Our curriculum presents families in all their forms, recognising that children come from diverse family backgrounds including:

- Single parent families
- Same-sex parent families
- Families headed by grandparents or other relatives
- Adoptive families
- Foster families
- Kinship care arrangements
- Blended families
- Families from different cultural and religious backgrounds
- Service families, including those where a parent or carer serves in the armed forces

We ensure that no child is stigmatised based on their home circumstances and that all family structures are represented positively in our teaching. When discussing families, we emphasise that the key characteristic of families is that they provide love, care, stability and security for children, not a particular structure.

Including LGBT Content

Throughout PSHE education, children learn that all people deserve to be treated with respect and kindness, regardless of difference. This is a fundamental principle that runs through all our teaching.

In teaching about families and relationships, we include same-sex parents alongside other family structures, presented naturally as one of the many different types of families that children may have or encounter. This content is integrated throughout the curriculum rather than taught as a standalone topic, ensuring that diverse families are visible and valued within our school community.

Children learn about treating others with kindness and respect, understanding that people have protection from discrimination and should be treated with dignity and respect, and that there are laws in place to protect people's rights. Pupils learn how bullying or discriminatory behaviour is never acceptable and how to report this for themselves or others.

Jigsaw PSHE 3-11 does not include content on gender questioning or transgender topics. Our focus at primary level is on teaching children to respect all people and to challenge stereotypes about what boys and girls can do, be, or achieve, without introducing complex concepts about gender identity.

For detailed information about what Jigsaw PSHE 3-11 teaches about LGBT relationships, schools can access our supporting document 'Including and Valuing All Children: What does Jigsaw PSHE 3-11 teach about LGBT relationships?' which provides specific examples from lessons and addresses common questions.

Supporting Children with SEND

Children with special educational needs and/or disabilities receive appropriate, adapted PSHE education that meets their needs. PSHE is particularly important for children with SEND, who may be more vulnerable to exploitation, abuse and bullying. Teachers adapt lessons to ensure content is accessible, using:

- Visual supports, simplified language, concrete examples
- Additional pre-teaching or small group work where needed
- Multi-sensory approaches and practical activities
- Extended time for processing and responding
- Personalised social stories or resources where appropriate

For some children with SEND, certain PSHE content may need to be taught in different ways or at different times to ensure understanding and safety. The SENCO works closely with the PSHE lead and class teachers to ensure appropriate provision.

Respecting Religion and Belief

We respect the religious backgrounds and beliefs of all families in our school community. PSHE content is delivered in a factual, objective manner, presenting scientific and medical information accurately whilst being sensitive to diverse religious perspectives.

Where relevant, we may discuss different views held by religious communities on particular issues, helping children to understand that people's beliefs inform their values and choices. This is done in a way that promotes respect for diversity of belief whilst being clear about the law and children's rights.

8. Safeguarding and Support

PSHE education has a crucial role in our safeguarding provision, equipping children with the knowledge and skills to keep themselves safe and to seek help when needed.

Through PSHE, children learn to:

- Recognise when relationships or situations are unsafe
- Understand that abuse is never their fault
- Know a range of trusted adults they can talk to
- Develop vocabulary to express concerns clearly
- Build confidence to keep asking for help until they are heard
- Understand their rights over their own bodies and personal information
- Recognise emotional, physical and sexual abuse
- Identify risks online and in the physical world
- Develop resilience and strategies for managing difficult situations

Managing Disclosures and Concerns

PSHE lessons, particularly those addressing sensitive topics, may lead to disclosures from children. All staff are trained to:

- Respond calmly and supportively to disclosures
- Never promise confidentiality (explaining that some concerns must be shared to keep children safe)
- Listen carefully without asking leading questions
- Record concerns accurately and immediately
- Report all concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy DSL) without delay

Children are informed via the Jigsaw Charter at the start of PSHE lessons how confidentiality works - that personal information shared by others during discussions will be treated with respect and care, but if a teacher is worried about a child's safety, they will need to share information with people who can help.

All staff delivering PSHE education are familiar with our safeguarding and child protection policy and procedures. Where external visitors contribute to PSHE delivery, they are briefed on safeguarding procedures before working with children.

Signposting to Support

We actively encourage children to talk with their families about their worries and concerns, recognising that parents and carers are often the first and most important source of support. At the same time, we understand that for a small number of children, there may be times when they want or need to seek support from other trusted adults, and we ensure children know how to do this when needed.

Within PSHE lessons and through displays, assemblies and other communications, children are regularly informed about sources of support both within school and externally:

- Named trusted adults within school
- How to access pastoral support
- External helplines relevant to their age (e.g., Childline)
- Basic first aid knowledge and understanding of when and how to seek medical help
- Emergency services and how to access them

It is positive and healthy for all children to have a range of trusted adults they can turn to for support - within their family, at school, and in the wider community. Our PSHE curriculum emphasises that seeking help is a sign of strength, not weakness, and that support is always available.

9. Working in Partnership with Parents and Carers

We recognise that parents and carers are children's first and most important educators, particularly regarding relationships and health. Effective PSHE education works in partnership with families, supporting parents to continue conversations started in school and keeping them informed about what their children are learning.

Consultation and Communication

We engage with parents and carers throughout the year and when developing and reviewing our PSHE policy, seeking their views on content, approach and resources. This includes:

- Gathering parent views through ongoing communication and opportunities to share feedback
- Opportunities to view teaching materials
- Parent information sessions to explain curriculum content and answer questions
- Regular communication about PSHE curriculum through newsletters, class communications and our website

Viewing PSHE Teaching Materials

We want parents to feel informed about what their children are learning in PSHE. We provide several ways for parents to access information about the curriculum:

- For each Puzzle (half-term unit), we provide accessible summaries on the school website showing the key learning objectives and content from the Jigsaw programme. They provide a clear overview of what will be taught in each Puzzle without overwhelming detail.
- Parent Access to Lesson Materials - Parents who would like to see the standard Jigsaw lesson plans and teaching slides for their child's year group can request access. We provide secure access codes on a Puzzle-by-Puzzle basis (each half term) for parents who specifically ask to see these materials. These show the published Jigsaw content, and we can explain any adaptations we have made for our classes. To request access, parents should contact their child's class teacher, who will provide a unique access code and link. These codes expire at the end of each half term, and parents can request a new code for the next Puzzle if they wish.
- Viewing Materials in School - We recognise that there is a large volume of teaching material across the full Jigsaw programme. For parents who would like to explore the materials in more depth or understand how we adapt content for our specific classes, we welcome you to arrange a time to view materials in school with a member of staff. This allows us to explain the teaching approach, answer any questions, and show how content is delivered in practice.

We actively encourage parents to engage with these resources so they can support and continue conversations at home. If you have any questions about PSHE content or would like to access any of these materials, please see the school website or talk to your child's teacher.

Supporting Parents

We provide information to parents about the PSHE topics being covered each term with detailed coverage of the curriculum available.

Responding to Concerns

We welcome parents' questions and concerns about PSHE education. Parents who have concerns should contact their child's class teacher in the first instance or the Pastoral Manager.

We aim to address concerns through open, honest discussion, sharing curriculum materials, explaining the rationale for content, and demonstrating how teaching is age-appropriate and sensitively delivered. Where concerns relate to sex education, we will discuss the right of withdrawal and support parents to make informed decisions.

10. Teacher Support and Professional Development

High-quality PSHE education requires confident, well-supported teachers who have the knowledge, skills and resources to deliver sensitive content effectively.

Supporting Our Teachers

We support staff delivering PSHE through:

- Comprehensive resources - The Jigsaw programme provides detailed lesson plans, teaching resources, assessment materials and guidance, reducing planning burden and ensuring consistency across year groups.
- Regular professional development - Staff receive training on:
 - Using the Jigsaw programme effectively
 - Teaching sensitive and controversial topics
 - Managing difficult questions and discussions
 - Safeguarding and responding to disclosures
 - Creating safe, inclusive classroom environments
 - Current issues affecting children (e.g., online safety, mental health)
- Collaborative planning and review - to plan and share effective practice, discuss challenges, and support each other in delivering sensitive content.
- Senior leadership support - The PSHE lead and senior leadership team provide ongoing support, including observing lessons where helpful, advising on complex situations, and ensuring staff wellbeing.
- Access to specialist support - Where needed, we access support from external specialists including school nurses, mental health professionals and other local services to enhance staff knowledge.

Creating Confident, Skilled Practitioners

We recognise that teaching PSHE requires particular skills:

- Creating safe, non-judgemental spaces for discussion

- Using distancing techniques when discussing sensitive content
- Facilitating participative, interactive learning rather than delivering information
- Responding to unexpected questions or disclosures
- Managing the balance between planned content and responsive teaching
- Supporting children who may find topics triggering or upsetting

Ongoing professional development helps our staff to develop and refine these skills, ensuring that PSHE teaching is consistently effective across our school.

11. Assessment, Monitoring and Evaluation

We monitor and evaluate our PSHE provision to ensure it is meeting children's needs, is delivered consistently across the school, and is having positive impact on children's wellbeing and development. We track children's progress to ensure learning is embedded and to identify where additional support may be needed. Assessment in PSHE focuses on:

- Knowledge and understanding of key concepts
- Development of skills (e.g., communication, conflict resolution, decision-making)
- Ability to apply learning to real situations

The Jigsaw programme includes assessment materials and opportunities for children to reflect on their learning. Teachers use a range of strategies including:

- Observation of discussions, role plays and collaborative activities
- Review of written work, children's self-assessments and reflections
- Brief formative assessments to check understanding

Progress in PSHE is reported to parents as part of end of year written reports and also using ongoing dialogue and regular updates for PSED in EYFS. Where beneficial, the school works with parents to provide targeted support such as nurture groups or pastoral check-ins.

Monitoring Quality and Impact

The PSHE lead, working with senior leadership and governors, monitors PSHE provision through:

- Regular review of planning and teaching materials
- Learning walks and lesson observations
- Review of children's work and assessment information
- Pupil voice activities to understand children's experience of PSHE
- Staff feedback on confidence, resources and support needs
- Analysis of behaviour, wellbeing and safeguarding data
- Parent feedback through surveys and consultation

Monitoring enables us to celebrate effective practice, identify areas for development, and ensure consistency in quality across the school.

Evaluating Impact

We evaluate the impact of PSHE education by looking at:

- Children's knowledge, skills and confidence as evidenced through assessment
- Quality of relationships between children and between children and adults
- Positive behaviour and ability to resolve conflicts constructively
- Children's wellbeing and mental health indicators
- Children's confidence in seeking help and reporting concerns
- Safeguarding data and how well children identify and report concerns
- Preparedness for transition to secondary school

This evaluation informs ongoing improvement of our PSHE provision and contributes to our annual policy review.

12. Links to Other Policies and Curriculum Areas

PSHE does not exist in isolation but connects closely with other areas of school life and curriculum. This PSHE policy should be read in conjunction with:

- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Behaviour Policy

- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Online Safety
- Equality and Diversity Policy
- SEND Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Science curriculum

Links Across the Curriculum

PSHE learning is reinforced through other curriculum subjects including:

- Science: Learning about the human body, life cycles, health, drugs and their effects, puberty and reproduction.
- ICT: Online safety, respectful online communication, understanding how technology works and is used.
- PE: Physical health, benefits of exercise, teamwork, resilience, managing success and failure.
- Citizenship: Rights and responsibilities, democracy, community involvement, understanding diverse communities.
- Religious Education: Moral questions, values, beliefs and world views, diversity and respect.
- Literacy: Texts often provide opportunities to explore PSHE themes including relationships, diversity, moral dilemmas, resilience and identity.

Teachers actively make connections between PSHE and other learning, reinforcing understanding and helping children to see how PSHE knowledge and skills apply across different contexts.

13. Policy Development, Review and Approval

This policy was developed through consultation with:

- School staff, including teaching staff, support staff and senior leadership
- Governors

The policy is informed by:

- DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education statutory guidance (July 2025)
- Keeping Children Safe in Education (current statutory guidance)
- The Prevent Duty (Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015)
- Jigsaw PSHE programme of study and supporting documentation
- Evidence from educational research and best practice

Review and Update

This policy will be reviewed annually to ensure it remains up to date with:

- Statutory guidance and legal requirements
- Jigsaw programme updates and enhancements
- Emerging needs of our pupils
- Feedback from stakeholders
- National and local developments in PSHE education

Responsibilities

The PSHE Lead is responsible for:

- Overall coordination of PSHE across the school
- Keeping up to date with statutory requirements and best practice
- Supporting and advising teachers
- Monitoring quality and impact of PSHE provision
- Leading policy review
- Liaising with parents and external agencies
- Reporting to senior leadership and governors

The Headteacher is responsible for:

- Ensuring statutory requirements are met
- Supporting the PSHE lead and teaching staff
- Ensuring adequate resources and professional development
- Engaging with parents, particularly regarding sensitive content
- Managing withdrawal requests from sex education
- Ensuring PSHE connects with whole-school safeguarding and behaviour approaches

Governors are responsible for:

- Ensuring the school meets its statutory duties
- Approving this policy
- Monitoring implementation and impact
- Supporting the headteacher and staff

- Engaging with parent consultation processes

All Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering high-quality PSHE in line with this policy
- Reinforcing PSHE learning throughout school life
- Responding appropriately to disclosures and concerns
- Modelling the values and behaviour promoted through PSHE
- Engaging with professional development

Further Information and Resources

For more information about PSHE at Cotteridge Primary School please contact:

Samantha Jeffery-PSHE Lead

Victoria Tucker-Curriculum Lead

Key documents and resources are available:

- School website

External resources and guidance:

- Jigsaw PSHE mapping documents showing coverage of statutory guidance
- DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education guidance (July 2025)

Policy Approval

This policy was approved by the Governing Body on: September 2026

Headteacher: Jason Willetts Date: 14.9.26

Chair of Governors: Cath Keast Date: 14.9.26

Next Review Date: September 2027

Jigsaw PSHE 3-11

Knowledge and Skills

Progression Map



Jigsaw PSHE 3-11

Skills and Knowledge Progression Map

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within all six Puzzles (units of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group; explicit links to the [DfE statutory Relationships and Health Education outcomes 2026](#) have been made in each Puzzle.

INTENT: Jigsaw holds children at its heart, and its cohesive vision helps children understand and value how they fit into and contribute to the world. With strong emphasis on emotional literacy, building resilience and nurturing mental and physical health, Jigsaw 3-11 properly equips schools to deliver engaging and relevant PSHE within a whole-school approach. Jigsaw lessons also include mindfulness allowing children to advance their emotional awareness, concentration, focus and self-regulation. These opportunities for spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development and emotional literacy are integral to children's understanding of themselves and others and to increasing their capacity to learn.

IMPLEMENTATION: Jigsaw 3-11 offers a comprehensive programme for Primary PSHE, including statutory Relationships and Health Education, in a spiral, progressive and fully planned scheme of work, giving children relevant learning experiences to help them navigate their world and to develop positive relationships with themselves and others. Every lesson offers opportunities for SMSC development, clearly mapped and balanced across each year group, alongside structured opportunities to practise and enhance the five skills associated with emotional literacy: self-awareness, social skills, empathy, motivation and managing feelings. We encourage schools to adapt the materials to make them suitable to the needs of the children in their class.

IMPACT: This can be established through assessment identified in the key learning. This can include pupil voice, informal assessment, reviewing behaviour records and attendance.

This progression map illustrates how knowledge, skills and vocabulary develop across the programme from Early Years through to Year 6, showing how learning is revisited and extended year on year.

Being Me in My World Puzzle – Autumn 1

About this Puzzle

This Puzzle opens each academic year by establishing the foundations for everything else in Jigsaw PSHE: belonging, emotional safety and shared expectations. Children explore what it means to be part of a class, a school, a wider community and, as they progress, a global community. Through creating the Learning Charter together, they experience democracy, British Values, rights and responsibilities, and how this related to the rule of law. Alongside this, they develop the emotional literacy to recognise and manage feelings, understand how their behaviour affects others, and build the self-respect and empathy that underpin all healthy relationships.

Key evidence sources for this Puzzle (and throughout the year)

[EEF Improving SEL in Primary Schools \(2021\)](#) — Universal, explicit teaching of social and emotional learning in planned lesson time has a positive impact on both wellbeing and academic success, across the five CASEL competencies, also reflected in [HM Government and CYP Mental Health Coalition](#)'s report into the impact of a whole school approach to PSHE

[NCB Belonging Matters \(2024\)](#) — Schools that actively foster belonging provide the foundation for confident, capable individuals — directly underpinning the Charter and community focus of this Puzzle.

The Sutton Trusts [Life Lessons report 2024](#) brought together research and recommendations for developing oracy as part of improving communication, resilience, motivation and confidence for children from lower socio-economic backgrounds. Oracy is a building block for academic progression and preparation for citizenship; collaborative dialogue, as modelled through the Jigsaw Charter and class discussions, supports every child's engagement.

Mental health is a core focus of Jigsaw PSHE, reflecting the growing recognition of its importance in children's overall development and academic success. Jigsaw's approach incorporates mindfulness practices, supported by research from [The Mindfulness Initiative](#)

Wider curriculum and enrichment

Strong links to citizenship, British Values (democracy, rule of law, individual liberty, mutual respect) and the UNCRC

Opportunities for pupil voice through School Council, class discussions and the Learning Charter

Invite school leaders, local community representatives and local government figures to enrich learning

Statutory mapping

RSHE 2025 Relationships contributions	CF 2 – Importance of friendships, not excluding others. CF 3 – Feeling lonely is normal and not shameful. RKR 1 – Paying attention to other people's feelings and treating them with sensitivity. RKR 2 – How their behaviour affects other people. RKR 4 – Difference between assertive and controlling (enhanced 2026).	RKR 5 – Expecting to be treated with respect by others and treating others with respect. RKR 6 – Practical steps to improve or support relationships RKR 7 – Conventions of courtesy and manners (new explicit teaching 2026). RKR 8 – Self-respect and its link to happiness.	BS 1 – Appropriate boundaries in friendships BS 4 – How to respond safely to adults. BS 6 – How to recognise and report unsafe feelings. BS 7 – Where to get advice.
RSHE 2025 Health contributions	GW 1 – How to help others in an emergency. GW 3 – Range and scale of emotions; worrying and feeling down are normal.	GW 4 – Vocabulary to describe feelings to others and how to judge appropriate/proportionate responses. GW 5 – Benefits of community participation, volunteering.	GW 6 – Loneliness can affect children and how to address it (enhanced 2026). GW 9 – Where and how to seek support, including who in school to speak to.

						PS 1 – Identifying hazards and risks (contributing, Ages 10–11).	
Puzzle overview	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Being Me in My World	In this Puzzle (unit), the children learn about how they have similarities and differences from their friends and how that is OK. They begin by working on recognising and managing and naming their feelings. The children learn about working with others and why it is good to be kind and use gentle hands. They discuss children's rights, especially linked to the right to learn and the right to play. The children learn what it means to be responsible.	In this Puzzle, children are introduced to their Jigsaw Journals and explore what helps them feel special, safe and calm in their class. They learn what it means to belong and understand their rights and responsibilities as class members. Children think about welcoming others, keeping their classroom safe for learning, and how their views are valued when contributing to the whole-school Learning Charter. They explore feelings linked to rewards and pride, reflect on their choices, and recognise emotions that can arise from consequences. By the end of the Puzzle, children understand their role in creating a	In this Puzzle, children reflect on their hopes and fears for the year and learn how to recognise feelings of worry and seek help. They explore belonging in their class and school community, developing an understanding of rights and responsibilities and making positive contributions. Across the six Pieces, children discuss rewards and consequences, consider how choices affect themselves and others, and explore what makes a classroom safe and fair. Children then learn how the Learning Charter supports learning and boundaries. By the end of the Puzzle, children understand their role in creating a positive school community,	In this Puzzle, children reflect on their worth and achievements, set personal goals, and learn how to make others feel welcome. They explore emotions linked to worries and fears and think about what helps a school feel safe and supportive. Children compare nightmare and dream schools, develop an understanding of rights and responsibilities, and consider how behaviour and choices affect others. They work together to create and follow their Learning Charter, focusing on teamwork, fairness and inclusion. By the end of the Puzzle, children recognise how their actions impact others, consider different viewpoints, and take responsibility for following the whole-	In this Puzzle, children explore what it means to be part of a class team, reflecting on inclusion, friendship and how their actions affect others. They learn about roles in school and how to contribute to their community. Across the six Pieces, children explore rights, responsibilities and democracy, including how to share their own thoughts, opinions and ideas. They consider how rewards and consequences influence behaviour and practise empathy. By the end of the Puzzle, children understand how responsible choices and participation benefit their school community, with the Learning Charter as the shared outcome.	In this Puzzle, children look ahead to the year, setting personal goals and reflecting on what they value about their school community. They explore leadership, motivation and how to approach challenges positively. Across the six Pieces, children learn about rights and responsibilities as citizens and develop empathy for people whose lives are different from their own. They consider fairness, privilege and disadvantage, and how choices affect themselves and others. Children examine how rewards and consequences influence behaviour and work together to create and follow their Learning Charter, focusing on cooperation and having a voice.	In this Puzzle, children reflect on the year ahead, identifying goals, worries and fears and exploring how to feel welcome and valued. Across the six Pieces, children explore what it means to be a global citizen, comparing wants and needs, learning about children's rights, and considering how their choices affect people locally and worldwide. Children then explore how rights, responsibilities, rewards and consequences connect to the Learning Charter, working collaboratively to agree shared expectations and safe behaviour. By the end of the Puzzle, children understand how democracy and modelling positive choices support a strong school community, with the whole-school

		positive, respectful and safe school community, with the Learning Charter as the shared outcome.	with the whole-school Learning Charter as the shared outcome.	school Learning Charter.		By the end of the Puzzle, children understand how democracy and shared expectations support a positive school community, with the whole-school Learning Charter as the shared outcome.	Learning Charter as the shared outcome.
Taught knowledge	Knowledge I belong in my class and am part of a group I understand that people are similar and different I am beginning to recognise and talk about different feelings I understand that my classroom is a place where we learn and play together I know that working together helps make school a good place to be I understand why kindness matters and how it affects others I know what using gentle hands looks like I know that everyone has the	Knowledge I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I understand the rights and responsibilities as a member of my class I understand the rights and responsibilities for being a member of my class I know my views are valued and can contribute to the Learning Charter I can recognise the choices I make and understand the consequences I understand my rights and responsibilities within our Learning Charter	Knowledge I can identify some of my hopes and fears for this year I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I understand the rights and responsibilities for being a member of my class and the importance of making contributions I can listen to other people and contribute my own ideas about rewards and consequences I understand how following the Learning Charter will help me and others learn I can recognise the choices I make and understand the consequences	Knowledge I recognise my worth and can identify positive things about myself and my achievements I can set personal goals I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I can face new challenges positively, make responsible choices and ask for help when I need it I understand why rules are needed and how they relate to rights and responsibilities I understand that my actions affect myself and others and I care about other people's feelings I can make responsible choices and take action I understand my actions affect others and try to see things from their points of view	Knowledge I know my attitudes and actions make a difference to the class team I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I understand who is in my school community, the roles they play, how I fit in and how I can contribute I understand how democracy works through the School Council I understand that my actions affect myself and others; I care about other people's feelings and try to empathise with them I understand how groups come together to make decisions I understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the school community	Knowledge I can face new challenges positively and know how to set personal goals I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I understand my rights and responsibilities as a citizen of my country I understand my rights and responsibilities as a citizen of my country and as a member of my school I can make choices about my own behaviour because I understand how rewards and consequences feel I understand how an individual's behaviour can impact on a group I understand how democracy and having a	Knowledge I can identify my goals for this year, understand my fears and worries about the future and know how to express them I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I know that there are universal rights for all children but for many children these rights are not met I understand that my actions affect other people locally and globally I can make choices about my own behaviour because I understand how rewards and consequences feel and I understand how these relate to my rights and responsibilities I understand how an individual's behaviour can impact on a group I understand how democracy and having a

	right to learn and play I understand what being responsible means I know how we look after our classroom and resources I can describe how they help everyone feel safe and able to learn						voice benefits the school community
Social and Emotional skills	Social and Emotional Skills I can name my feelings I know how work and play with others I know why it is important to be kind and gentle I understand why it is important to care about others' feelings I can make good choices I can follow our class rules	Social and Emotional Skills I feel special and safe in my class I know that I belong to my class I know how to make my class a safe place for everybody to learn I recognise how it feels to be proud of an achievement I recognise the range of feelings when I face certain consequences I understand my choices in following the Learning Charter	Social and Emotional Skills I can recognise when I feel worried and know who to ask for help I can help myself and others feel like we belong I can help make my class a safe and fair place I can listen to others and share my ideas I can work co-operatively with others I can follow our Learning Charter	Social and Emotional Skills I value myself and know how to make someone else feel welcome and valued I recognise how it feels to be happy, sad or scared and am able to identify if other people are feeling these emotions I know how to make others feel valued I understand that my behaviour brings rewards/consequences I can work cooperatively in a group I am choosing to follow the Learning Charter	Social and Emotional Skills I know how good it feels to be included in a group and understand how it feels to be excluded I try to make people feel welcome and valued I can take on a role in a group and contribute to the overall outcome I can recognise my contribution to making a Learning Charter for the whole school I understand how rewards and consequences motivate people's behaviour I understand why our school community benefits from a Learning Charter and can help others to follow it	Social and Emotional Skills I know what I value most about my school and can identify my hopes for this school year I can empathise with people in this country whose lives are different to my own I understand that my actions affect me and others I can contribute to the group and understand how we can function best as a whole I understand why our school community benefits from a Learning Charter and can help others to follow it	Social and Emotional Skills I feel welcome and valued and know how to make others feel the same I understand my own wants and needs and can compare these with children in different communities I understand that my actions affect myself and others; I care about other people's feelings and try to empathise with them I can contribute to the group and understand how we can function best as a whole I understand why our school community benefits from a Learning Charter and how I can help others to

							follow it by modelling it myself
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Vocabulary							
Year group	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate EYFS & KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Puzzle vocabulary	angry choice different excited feelings friend gentle happy kind learn nervous responsibilities rights sad	achievement belong belonging calm choice choices consequences disappointed feelings learn learning charter proud responsibilities rewards	actions assertive belong belonging boundaries choices consequence consequences controlling contributions fair fears hopes learning charter	achievements actions acknowledge affirm assertive behaviour belong challenge choices controlling courtesy consequences dream emotions	authority charter choices community conflict consequence contribution courtesy decisions democracy democratic excluded friend friendship	appreciation asylum challenge choices citizen collaboration cooperation conflict consequences courtesy deprive denied education empathise	behaviour choice choices collaboration community comparison consequences cooperation cocoa plantation cocoa pods courtesy decision democracy discernment

	share similar taking turns turn taking unique	rights safe safe place special upset valued views	negative positive praise problem solving responsible responsibilities reward rewards rights safe worried worries	exclude fairness feelings fears friendship group dynamics ideal school include kind learning learning charter loneliness lonely manners nightmare personal goal pleased praise pride proud responsibilities rewards rights self-respect solutions support team work valued view point welcome wellbeing worries	healthy help included job description learning charter observer proud responsibility responsibilities respect rights role school self-respect solution team trusted adult un convention on rights of the child valued violence voting welcome wellbeing	goals hopes leadership learning charter manners migrant motivation opportunities participation persecution poverty prejudice privilege refugee responsibilities rewards rights self-respect vision wealth	education empathise empathy fears Ghana goals hazard/risk illegal lawful laws learning charter legal manners Maslow motivation needs obstacles opportunities participation proud report resilience responsibilities rewards rights trusted adult value welcome wants west Africa worries
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About this Puzzle

Celebrating Difference helps children understand, respect and value diversity. Running in Autumn 2, it aligns naturally with Anti-Bullying Week and provides a rich context for exploring similarities and differences in families, cultures, abilities, appearance and beliefs. Children learn what bullying is and isn't (including cyberbullying) and develop the language and strategies to challenge it, support those affected, and seek help. As they progress, pupils examine stereotypes, prejudice, discrimination and protected characteristics, building empathy and critical thinking to stand up for fairness and inclusion.

Key evidence

[Anti-Bullying Alliance report related to the Good Childhood Report 2024](#) — Summary and links to further data, including that a quarter of young people aged 15 yrs experience bullying in the UK according to PISA

[Young People's RSE Poll \(2024\)](#) — 69% of young people agree children should question gender stereotypes; 56% support same-sex relationship examples in teaching.

The [Office for National Statistics \(ONS\)](#) data shows that 16% of UK families are lone-parent families, equating to 4-5 families in a class of 30. This diversity extends to same-sex parents, foster parents, and various family structures within the wider community. Jigsaw PSHE recognises this diversity, ensuring all family types are equitably represented and valued in its curriculum.

[UK Safer Internet Centre Research](#) - has links to further research, stating that 12% of young people in the UK are affected by cyberbullying, underlining the need for cyberbullying education from an early age.

Wider curriculum and enrichment

Strong links to [citizenship](#), protected characteristics (Equality Act) and British Values (mutual respect, tolerance)

Supports work on preventing racism, challenging stereotypes and fostering inclusive school culture

Invite visitors from the local community to represent diverse cultural groups and support Anti-Bullying Week themes

Statutory mapping

Strongest RSHE 2025 Relationships contributions	FPCM 2 – Characteristics of healthy family life, including that families may look different. FPCM 3 – Others' families, either in school or wider world, sometimes look different and should be respected. FPCFM 5 – Marriage and civil partnerships represent a formal and legally recognised commitment CF 2 – Importance of not excluding others, making new friends.			CF 5 – That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming. CF 7 – Recognising when a friendship is making them feel unhappy and how to get support RKR 2 – How their behaviour affects other people RKR 5 – Expecting to be treated with respect and treating others with respect, including those who are different.			RKR 9 – Different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), impact of bullying, responsibility of bystanders, and how to get help. RKR 10 – Understanding and challenging stereotypes. RKR 11 – How to seek help when concerned about violence or harm. OSA 1 – Same principles apply online as face-to-face, including respect and avoiding pressure.
Strongest RSHE 2025 Health contributions	GW 3 – Range and scale of emotions. GW 4 – Vocabulary to describe feelings.			GW 7 – Bullying has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing. GW 9 – Where and how to seek support.			WO 1 – Strategies for managing screen time and recognising signs of too much. WO2 – What age restrictions/ratings mean; minimum age for social media. WO 8 - Impact of spending too much time online on mental health and wellbeing.
Puzzle overview	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	In this Puzzle (unit), children are encouraged	In this Puzzle, children explore how people can	In this Puzzle, children explore similarities	In this Puzzle, children	In this Puzzle, children explore	In this Puzzle, children explore cultural	In this Puzzle, children explore what “normal” can mean and

Celebrating Difference	to think about things that they are good at whilst understanding that everyone is good at different things.	be similar and different, reflecting on their own similarities and differences while learning to include others, use kind words and recognise what makes them special.	and differences, learning how assumptions and stereotypes can form and why it is important to treat others with courtesy and respect. They develop an understanding of why bullying can happen, how it makes people feel, and how to seek help.	explore different types of families and why they are important, learning how to manage disagreements calmly and solve problems together. They develop an understanding of what it means to be a witness to bullying and how their actions and words may help or harm others.	how first impressions and appearance can influence assumptions, learning to accept others for who they are and question their own judgements.	similarities and differences, reflect on their own identities, and consider how assumptions and stereotypes can lead to conflict. They develop an understanding of racism, discrimination and different forms of bullying, including rumours, name-calling and cyberbullying.	develop empathy for people who are different. They examine prejudice, discrimination and protected characteristics, reflecting on their own attitudes and the importance of equality and respect.
	They discuss being different and how that makes everyone special but also recognise that we are the same in many ways. The children share their experiences of their homes and are asked to explain why it is special to them. They learn about friendship and how to be a kind friend and how to stand up for themselves if someone says or does something unkind to them.	They develop an understanding of what bullying is, how it can make people feel, and who they can talk to if they need help. Across the six Pieces, children practise making new friends, giving and receiving compliments, and showing courage by supporting others. They reflect on how differences should be respected and celebrated. By the end of the Puzzle, children will have created gingerbread people to contribute to a shared Hall of Fame display, recognising that everyone is unique and valued.	Across the six Pieces, children practise standing up for themselves and others and solving problems kindly. They explore diversity in families, cultures and abilities, and reflect on what it means to belong and be a good friend. By the end of the Puzzle, children celebrate what makes everyone unique by creating a shared Trophy of Celebration display.	Across the six Pieces, children practise using kind language, challenging stereotypes, and offering support to those who feel excluded. They learn how to give and receive compliments and reflect on how the words we choose affect feelings. By the end of the Puzzle, children create a shared Hall of Fame display using kite	They develop a deeper understanding of bullying, including the roles of bystanders and witnesses, and practice how to seek help and solve problems safely. Protected characteristics are introduced including age, disability, race and sex. Across the six Pieces, children reflect on what makes them special and unique, learn to value physical differences, and practice kindness, respect and empathy. They explore how	Across the six Pieces, children practise problem-solving, managing feelings and supporting others who experience bullying. They explore how wealth and happiness are not the same and compare lives across the world, developing empathy and respect for different communities. By the end of the Puzzle, children will be able to contribute their culture class work to the whole school Hall of Fame display, celebrating diversity and fairness across the world.	Across the six Pieces, children learn about power imbalances, why bullying might happen, and how to manage feelings and solve problems safely. They explore inspirational individuals, including disabled athletes, and reflect on perseverance and achievement. At the end of the Puzzle, children's admiration accolades can contribute to the a shared Hall of Fame display that values diversity, empathy and inclusion.

				templates, celebrating difference and positive relationships.	opinions can change when people get to know one another. By the end of the Puzzle, children create a shared Hall of Fame display using photo frames, celebrating individuality and inclusion.		
Taught knowledge	Knowledge What being unique means The names of some emotions Why having friends is important Some qualities of a positive friendship That they don't have to be "the same as" someone to be a friend What being proud means, and that people can be proud of different things That people can be good at different things Families can be different People have different homes and why they are important to them Ways of making friends	Knowledge I can identify similarities between people in my class I can identify differences between people in my class I can tell you what bullying is I know some people who I could talk to if I was feeling unhappy or being bullied I know how to make new friends I can tell you some ways I am different from my friends	Knowledge I am starting to understand that sometimes people make assumptions about boys and girls (stereotypes) I understand that bullying is sometimes about difference I can recognise what is right and wrong and know how to look after myself I understand that it is OK to be different from other people and to be friends with them I can tell you some ways I am different from my friends	Knowledge I understand that everybody's family is different and important to them I understand that differences and conflicts sometimes happen among family members I know what it means to be a witness to bullying I know that witnesses can make the situation better or worse by what they do I recognise that some words are used in hurtful ways	Knowledge I understand that, sometimes, we make assumptions based on what people look like I understand what influences me to make assumptions based on how people look I know that sometimes bullying is hard to spot and I know what to do if I think it is going on but I'm not sure I can tell you why witnesses sometimes join in with bullying and sometimes don't tell I can identify what is special about me	Knowledge I understand that cultural differences sometimes cause conflict I understand what racism is I understand how rumour-spreading and name-calling can be bullying behaviours I can explain the difference between direct and indirect types of bullying I can compare my life with people in the developing world I can understand a different culture from my own	Knowledge I understand there are different perceptions about what normal means I understand how being different could affect someone's life I can explain some of the ways in which one person or a group can have power over another I know some of the reasons why people use bullying behaviours I can give examples of people with disabilities who lead amazing lives I can explain ways in which difference can be a source of conflict and a cause for celebration

				I can tell you about a time when my words affected someone's feelings and what the consequences were	and value the ways in which I am unique I can tell you a time when my first impression of someone changed when I got to know them		
Social and Emotional skills	Social and Emotional Skills Recognise emotions when they or someone else is upset, frightened or angry Identify and use skills to make a friend Identify some ways they can be different and the same as others Identify and use skills to stand up for themselves Identify feelings associated with being proud Identify things they are good at Be able to vocalise success for themselves and about others successes Recognise similarities and differences between their family and other families	Social and Emotional Skills I can tell you some ways in which I am the same as my friends I can tell you some ways I am different from my friends I understand how being bullied might feel I can be kind to children who are bullied I know how it feels to make a new friend I understand these differences make us all special and unique	Social and Emotional Skills I understand some ways in which boys and girls are similar and feel good about this I understand some ways in which boys and girls are different and accept that this is OK I can tell you how someone who is bullied feels I can be kind to children who are bullied I know when and how to stand up for myself and others I know how to get help if I am being bullied I understand we shouldn't judge people if they are different	Social and Emotional Skills I appreciate my family/the people who care for me I know how to calm myself down and can use the 'Solve it together' technique I know some ways of helping to make someone who is bullied feel better I can problem-solve a bullying situation with others I try hard not to use hurtful words (e.g., gay, fat) I can give and receive compliments and know how this feels	Social and Emotional Skills I try to accept people for who they are I can question why I think what I do about other people I know how it might feel to be a witness to and a target of bullying I can problem-solve a bullying situation with others I like and respect the unique features of my physical appearance I can explain why it is good to accept people for who they are	Social and Emotional Skills I am aware of my own culture I am aware of my attitude towards people from different races I can tell you a range of strategies for managing my feelings in bullying situations and for problem-solving when I'm part of one I know some ways to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices and know how to support children who are being bullied I can appreciate the value of happiness regardless of material wealth I respect my own and other people's cultures	Social and Emotional Skills I can empathise with people who are different I am aware of my attitude towards people who are different I know how it can feel to be excluded or treated badly by being different in some way I can tell you a range of strategies for managing my feelings in bullying situations and for problem-solving when I'm part of one I appreciate people for who they are I can show empathy with people in either situation

			I know how it feels to be a friend and have a friend I understand these differences make us all special and unique				
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Vocabulary							
Year group	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate EYFS & KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Puzzle vocabulary	differences different friendship frightened family friends happy home kind proud sad similar similarities special unique unkind	bully bullied bullying bullying behaviour celebration courtesy courage deliberate difference different from harmful inclusive included lonely manners on purpose safe same as similarity similar special support unique unfair	assumptions belong belonging boundary boys bully bystander culture courtesy difference different disability fairness family feelings female friends girls help identity included inclusive kind kindness lonely male	banter bullying bystander caring compliment conflict connected consequences difference discrimination family feelings gay hurtful include incident isolate kindness lonely love loving protection resolve rights safe security	accept appearance assumption bully bullying bystander changed character characteristics courtesy deliberate different empathy friend hurtful impression influence judgement kindness manners on purpose physical features problem solve protected characteristics respect	appearance assumptions banter bullying colour community continuum culture cyber bullying difference direct developing world disability discrimination fair happiness homophobic indirect included name-calling race racist racism respected respect rumour	achievement accolade admiration argument assumption banter belonging bullying bullying behaviour celebration community conflict control difference direct disability discrimination empathy equality equality act harassment imbalance indirect misunderstanding normal paralympian

			on purpose purpose respect sad self-respect shield similarities special stereotypes stand up for support teasing unkind unique value	self-regulation similarity solve it together special stability stereotype support tell unique unkind witness	secret special surprised troll unique witness	sexist similarity stereotype texting	perception perseverance power prejudice protected characteristics racism recipient respect rights sport stamina struggle stereotype
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Dreams and Goals Puzzle – Spring 1

Dreams and Goals – Spring 1

About this Puzzle

Dreams and Goals helps pupils to learn how to and practice building their resilience, motivation and ambition. This Puzzle plays an important role in PSHE well beyond RSHE statutory guidance, helping children set goals, develop a growth mindset, and manage the emotions that come with both achievement and disappointment. Pupils consider wants and needs, explore jobs and careers, and learn how teamwork, enterprise and community participation can make a difference. Financial education is woven through, helping children understand how money, spending decisions and career choices shape the lives we build. As they progress, children examine how opportunities and barriers differ across cultures and develop empathy for those whose aspirations look very different from their own.

Key evidence

[UK Strategy for Financial Wellbeing \(Money & Pensions Service\)](#) — wide range of research, including the links between [physical health and financial wellbeing](#) and reports on the complexities for children about learning about money, and need for financial education especially for those from low income families.

[World Economic Forum Future of Jobs 2025 Report](#) — Top future workplace skills include analytical thinking, creative thinking, resilience, flexibility and agility, along with curiosity and lifelong learning - all developed explicitly through this Puzzle.

[Children's Commissioner's Big Ask survey](#) reveals that children prioritise having a good job or career when they grow up.

Wider curriculum and enrichment

Links to citizenship through community participation, enterprise, fundraising and understanding different roles in society

Invite people from different voluntary and paid roles in the community to broaden children's understanding of work and service

Statutory mapping

RSHE 2025 Relationships contributions	CF 1 – How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure; characteristics of friendships. CF 4 – That healthy friendships make people feel included, valued and respected.	CF 6 – How to resolve disputes and reconcile differences. RKR 1 – Paying attention to other people's feelings and treating them with sensitivity.	RKR 5 – Expecting to be treated with respect; respecting those who are different. RKR 8 – Self-respect and its link to happiness.
RSHE 2025 Health contributions	GW 1 – Helping others in need (contributing, via fundraising and enterprise content). GW 2 - Helping other people with their mental health.	GW 3 – Range and scale of emotions including those around success and disappointment. GW 4 – Vocabulary to describe feelings to others. -	GW 5 – Benefits of community participation. WO 10 - How online content can be targeted at users and designed to attract attention.

Puzzle overview	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Dreams and Goals	In this Puzzle, the children consider challenges and facing up to them. They discuss not giving up and trying until they have achieved their goal. The children are encouraged to think about jobs that they might like to have when they are older and are taught to associate what they learn now with being able to have the job they want. They also talk about achieving goals and the feelings linked to this.	In this Puzzle, children explore what success means to them, learn how to set simple goals and recognise their own strengths. They practise breaking goals into steps, trying new challenges and understanding how learning can feel “stretchy”, with challenge as a sign our brains are growing. Across the six Pieces, children work with others, celebrate achievements and reflect on how perseverance and a positive attitude help them overcome obstacles. They talk about feelings linked to challenge and success and learn how to support	In this Puzzle, children learn how to set realistic goals, recognise their strengths and reflect on achievements. They explore how healthy choices, motivation and perseverance help them succeed and consider how working with others can support learning. Across the six Pieces, children practise teamwork through group challenges, develop problem-solving skills and learn how relaxation and managing feelings can support wellbeing. They	In this Puzzle, children explore people who have overcome challenges and reflect on their own dreams and ambitions. They consider how goals, motivation and a positive attitude support success, and learn to respect differences and build self-esteem. Across the six Pieces, children break goals into steps, work collaboratively on new challenges and make responsible choices that support wellbeing and safety. They practise overcoming obstacles, managing frustration and	In this Puzzle, children explore their hopes and dreams and learn how feelings such as excitement, anxiety and disappointment can accompany them. They develop resilience by reflecting on setbacks, coping strategies and how support from others can help them move forward. Across the six Pieces, children practise creating new plans, setting achievable goals and working collaboratively on group challenges.	In this Puzzle, children explore the lifestyles they hope for as adults and consider how money, careers and personal values can shape future choices. They investigate different jobs, think critically about information online and reflect on how goals can change over time. Across the six Pieces, children compare aspirations with young people in other cultures, learning about rights, opportunities and barriers. They explore ways to support others through teamwork, fundraising and community action.	In this Puzzle, children set ambitious but realistic personal learning goals and identify steps to success, reflecting on motivation, strengths and perseverance. They explore global issues that matter to them and consider how these affect people's lives. Across the six Pieces, children work collaboratively to plan fundraising and awareness projects, developing empathy, leadership and teamwork while learning how to make a positive difference in the world. By the end of the Puzzle, children recognise their own and others' achievements in their shared planning for a school event and share this

		friends in reaching their goals. By the end of the Puzzle, children will have created stretchy learning flowers and dream wellies that they can contribute to the whole school Garden of Dreams and Goals, celebrating effort, resilience and confidence.	reflect on pride, courtesy and sharing success with others. By the end of the Puzzle, children create a shared Garden of Dreams and Goals with Dream Birds, celebrating effort, cooperation and achievement.	helping others to succeed. By the end of the Puzzle, children will have contributed their garden designs to the shared Garden of Dreams and Goals, celebrating learning, resilience and achievement.	They reflect on the importance of perseverance, positive attitudes and self-belief whilst helping themselves and others to succeed. By the end of the Puzzle, children celebrate shared achievements by sharing their Potato people to the Garden of Dreams and Goals, recognising effort, wellbeing and teamwork.	By the end of the Puzzle, children work together to rally support for shared causes and share these ideas, developing motivation, empathy and responsibility within the Garden of Dreams and Goals whole school puzzle outcome.	work in , the shared Garden of Dreams and Goals outcome.
Taught knowledge	Knowledge I know what a challenge is I understand that it is important to keep trying I know what a goal is I know how to set goals and work towards them I can recognise words that are kind I can name some jobs that I might like to do when I am older I know that working hard helps me to be able to achieve the job I want when I am older I know when I have achieved a goal	Knowledge I can set simple goals I can set a goal and work out how to achieve it I understand how to work well with a partner I can tackle a new challenge and understand this might stretch my learning I can identify obstacles which make it more difficult to achieve my new challenge and can work out how to overcome them I can tell you how I felt when I succeeded in a	Knowledge I can choose a realistic goal and think about how to achieve it I know what I need to keep my body healthy I can recognise who I can work well with and who it is more difficult for me to work with I can work well in a group to create an end-product I can show or tell you what relaxed means and I know some things that	Knowledge I can tell you about a person who has faced difficult challenges and achieved success I can identify a dream / ambition that is important to me I enjoy facing new challenges. I'm working out the best ways to need to achieve them I am motivated and enthusiastic about achieving a new challenge	Knowledge I can tell you about some of my hopes and dreams I understand that sometimes hopes and dreams do not come true and that this can hurt and recognise how resilience and support from others can help I know how to cope with disappointment and find ways to move forward I know how to make a new plan	Knowledge I understand that I will need money to help me achieve some of my dreams I recognise that there are different ways that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment, and that things have different values I can explore a range of different jobs and think critically about the information I see about them online I can describe the dreams and goals of	Knowledge I know my learning strengths and can set challenging but realistic goals for myself (e.g. one in-school goal and one out-of-school goal) I can work out the learning steps I need to take to reach my goal and understand how to motivate myself to work on these I can identify problems in the world that concern me and talk to other people about them I can work with other people to help make the world a better place

		new challenge and how I celebrated it	make me feel relaxed and some that make me feel stressed I know how to share success with other people	I can recognise obstacles which might hinder my achievements and can take steps to overcome them I can evaluate my own learning process and identify how it can be better next time	and set new goals even if I have been disappointed I know how to work out the steps to take to achieve a goal, and can do this successfully as part of a group I can identify the contributions made by myself and others to the group's achievement	young people in a culture different to mine I understand that communicating with someone in a different culture means we can learn from each other and I can identify a range of ways that we could support each other I can encourage my peers to support young people here and abroad to meet their aspirations, and suggest ways we might do this, e.g. through sponsorship	I can describe some ways in which I can work with other people to help make the world a better place I know what some people in my class like or admire about me and can accept their praise
Social and Emotional skills	Social and Emotional Skills I understand that challenges can be difficult I am learning what it means to be resilient I can some of the feelings linked to perseverance I can use kind words can encourage people I can talk about time when I kept on trying and achieved a goal I am ambitious I can feel proud I can celebrate success	Social and Emotional Skills I can tell you about a thing I do well I can tell you how I learn best I can celebrate achievement with my partner I can identify how I feel when I am faced with a new challenge I know how I feel when I see obstacles and how I feel when I overcome them I know how to store the feelings of success in my internal treasure chest	Social and Emotional Skills I can tell you things I have achieved and say how that makes me feel I am motivated to make healthy choices that help me to reach my goals I can tell you how working with other people helps me learn I can work with others in a group to solve problems I can tell you when a feeling is weak and	Social and Emotional Skills I respect and admire people who overcome obstacles and achieve their dreams and goals (e.g. through disability) I can imagine how I will feel when I achieve my dream / ambition I can break down a goal into a number of steps and know how others could help me to achieve it	Social and Emotional Skills I know how it feels to have hopes and dreams I know how disappointment feels and identify when I have felt that way, recognising the roles people (including myself) take in groups and how these can support or challenge me I can respect myself and notice how	Social and Emotional Skills I can identify what I would like my life to be like when I am grown up I recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money, and towards risk I can recognise my own strengths and qualities and understand that it's OK for my goals and identity to change as I grow I can reflect on how these relate to my own	Social and Emotional Skills I understand why it is important to stretch the boundaries of my current learning I can set success criteria so that I will know whether I have reached my goal I recognise the emotions I experience when I consider people in the world who are suffering or living in difficult situations I can empathise with people who are suffering or who are living in difficult situations I can identify why I am motivated to do this

			when a feeling is strong I can tell you how being part of a successful group feels and I can store these feelings in my internal treasure chest	I know that I'm responsible for my own learning and can use my strengths as a learner to achieve the challenge I can manage the feelings of frustration that may arise when obstacles occur I am confident in sharing my success with others and can store my feelings in my internal treasure chest	copng builds my self-esteem and resilience I know what it means to be resilient and to have a positive attitude I can enjoy being part of a group challenge I know how to share in the success of a group and how to store this success experience in my internal treasure chest	I appreciate the similarities and differences in aspirations between myself and young people in a different culture I understand why I am motivated to make a positive contribution to supporting others	I can give praise and compliments to other people when I recognise their contributions and achievements
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Vocabulary							
Year group	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate EYFS & KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Puzzle vocabulary	achieve challenge difficult dreams encourage earn frustrated future goal job keep trying kind persevere	achieve achievement active celebrate celebration challenge confidence coins dreams feelings garden goal goals	achievement calm celebrate challenge community courtesy dream feelings goal group health healthy choices hobbies	ambitions challenge challenges community design differences dream dreams enthusiastic evaluate frustration future garden	agree/disagree anxious attitude celebrate cope courtesy courage design determination determined disappointed disappointment dream / dreams	adult aspiration attitudes barrier career choice community participation country culture digital spending dream environment	achieve achievement admire aspirations awareness collaborate compliment concern contribution cooperate dream feeling feelings

	proud reward skills	happiness internal learning obstacle overcome proud process rest self-respect special stepping stones stretchy success team work treasure treasure chest working together	interest interests learning together lifestyle manners motivation partner product proud realistic relax relaxation safety self-care self-esteem stress success team work tense wellbeing	goal goals healthy identity include learning motivated obstacles outdoors responsible respect review safe choices self-esteem self-review solution strengths success team work teamwork wellbeing water safety	follower goal goals help hope / hopeful hopes hurt inspired internal treasure chest leader learning manners motivated plans positive positive attitude problem-solve proud resilience review risk roles safety self-belief self-esteem self-respect setback success wellbeing	financial harm goal grown up identity influence job lifestyle media money motivation opportunity profession rallying reliable rights risk salary save self-care self-esteem society spend spending decisions sponsorship support team work technology values	global goal issue leadership skills learning money motivate personal praise prevention recognition realistic rescue role safety strategy strengths stretch success success criteria suffering support unrealistic
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Healthy Me Puzzle – Spring 2

About this Puzzle

Healthy Me covers both physical and emotional health, helping children understand how everyday choices affect their bodies and minds and how these two aspects are linked. Children learn about balanced diets, physical activity, rest, sleep, personal hygiene, dental health, sun safety and first aid, alongside the facts about drugs: starting with medicines and unknown substances moving to alcohol, tobacco and vaping and then illegal drugs. Equally important is the focus on emotional wellbeing: friendships, peer pressure, body image, relationships with food, and strategies for managing stress and anxiety. Safety education runs throughout, with the Safety STAR framework (Stop, Think, Assess, React) helping children identify hazards and manage risk across contexts including road, water, fire and rail safety. This Puzzle is where RSHE Health Education statutory guidance is most broadly represented, but Jigsaw ensures that the emotional and social learning is embedded, so building children's confidence, self-respect and agency to make informed, healthy choices for life.

Key evidence

[Sport England Active Lives 2024/25](#) — Only 49.1% of children and young people meet daily physical activity guidelines, with disparities in participation among different groups.

[NICE Guidelines](#) (2022) — PSHE plays a key role in addressing mental health needs early, reducing the long-term societal costs of untreated conditions.

[ASH \(Action on Smoking and Health\) Research](#) — Most adult smokers start before age 18, reinforcing the importance of preventative education about smoking and vaping in primary schools, with further information available from [NHS England](#)

The [PSHE Association's 2016](#) evidence review on the research into the key principles of Preventative education is reflected throughout Jigsaw PSHE, and relates particularly to the Healthy Me Puzzle

Jigsaw+ and further resources

Safety assemblies on water safety and fire safety coming Summer 2026

Enrich learning through visitors such as first aiders, dentists, fire/police/ambulance services, doctors, nurses, pharmacists and the RNLI

Statutory mapping

RSHE 2025 Relationships contributions	CF 1 – Characteristics of healthy friendships (friendship groups, roles)	RKR 1 – Paying attention to others' feelings. RKR 8 – Self-respect and its link to happiness (body image, self-esteem content).	BS 6 – How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe. BS 7 – Where to get advice
RSHE 2025 Health contributions	GW 1 – How to help others in an emergency. GW 2 – Helping other people with their mental health. GW 3 – Range of emotions. GW 5 – Benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation. GW 6 – Isolation and loneliness can affect children. GW 9 – Where and how to seek support.	WO 4 – How to recognise harmful content including AI-generated content. WO 7 - How to report concerns about content or contact online. PHF 1 – Importance of building regular physical activity into daily and weekly routines. PHF 2 – Risks associated with an inactive lifestyle. PHF 3 – How and when to seek support for physical activity. PHF 4 – Types of physical activity including those accessible to all. HE 1 – What constitutes a balanced diet. HE 2 – Making healthier choices about food and drinks. HE 3 – Range of factors that influence dietary habits. HE 4 – Understand importance of not feeling shame about food or eating habits.	HPP 1 – How to look after and take responsibility for personal hygiene. HPP 2 – Importance of staying safe in the sun. HPP 3 – Importance of sleep and good sleep hygiene. HPP 4 – About dental health and importance of dental hygiene. HPP 5 – How common illnesses are spread and can be treated. HPP 6 – About immunisation and vaccination. PS 1 – Identifying hazards and risks to personal safety, including online.

	GW 10 – Common for people to experience mental ill health. WO 3 – Risks from people online who use technology to bully, manipulate, groom or abuse.		DATV 1 – Facts about legal and illegal harmful substances including tobacco, vaping, nicotine pouches, alcohol and drugs.			PS 2 – Road, water, fire, rail safety including Safety STAR framework. BFA 1 – Basic first aid concepts and basic treatment of common injuries. BFA 2 – How to make a call to emergency services.	
Puzzle overview	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Healthy Me	In this Puzzle, children learn about their bodies: the names of some key parts as well as how to stay healthy. They talk about food and that some foods are healthier than others. They discuss the importance of sleep and what they can do to help themselves get to sleep. They talk about hand washing and why it is important. The class also discuss safe adults and what they should do if approached by someone they don't know.	In this Puzzle, children learn what it means to be healthy, exploring food, exercise, sleep and everyday choices that help their bodies and minds. They develop understanding of hygiene, germs and how to keep clean and safe at home. Across the six Pieces, children learn about medicine safety and road safety, practise recognising when they feel worried or unwell, and think about who can help them stay safe. They reflect on how healthy choices can make	In this Puzzle, children learn about healthy eating, balanced diets and making healthier food choices, including nutritious foods. They explore how to keep safe at home and outside, learning to recognise risks and hazards, and how to respond when something feels unsafe. Across the six Pieces, children develop understanding of medicine safety and how to care for their bodies. They reflect on feelings linked to safety and practise making calm, responsible choices that support wellbeing. By the end of the Puzzle, children are able to share ideas for the whole school Happy, Healthy Me	In this Puzzle, children learn how exercise and food affect their bodies, exploring energy, fitness and making balanced choices. They consider attitudes towards drugs and reflect on how these make them feel. Across the six Pieces, children learn about ways to keep themselves safe, recognise risk - especially around water - and who to contact in emergencies and how to do this. They practise identifying safe and unsafe situations, managing worried feelings and taking responsibility for their own safety and the safety of others. By the end of the Puzzle, children are able to contribute their ideas on how to keep safe to the whole school Healthy Me Recipe Book.	In this Puzzle, children explore friendships, group dynamics and the emotions linked to belonging, trust and feeling left out. They consider how peer influence can affect choices and learn ways to stay safe with friends, including near railways. Across the six Pieces, children learn key facts about smoking, vaping and alcohol, and practise recognising pressure, managing uncomfortable feelings and acting assertively. They reflect on what makes a healthy friendship and how to resist unsafe situations. By the end of the Puzzle, children celebrate their inner strength and assertiveness and share their ideas in the Happy, Healthy Me Recipe Book about healthy friendships.	In this Puzzle, children learn about the health risks linked to smoking, vaping and alcohol, and practise making informed, pressure-resistant choices. They develop basic emergency aid skills, including how to stay calm and get help. Across the six Pieces, children explore body image, the influence of media and advertising, and reflect on their relationship with food. They learn to respect and value their bodies while considering what supports a healthy lifestyle. By the end of the Puzzle, children contribute to the Happy, Healthy Me Recipe Book focusing on positive body image.	In this Puzzle, children learn to take responsibility for their physical and emotional wellbeing, exploring how choices, prevention and healthy habits support long-term health. They develop understanding of different types of drugs and their effects and discuss safer ways to cope with life's challenges. Across the six Pieces, children learn about exploitation and how pressure can affect decisions. Children learn how to seek help and they explore emotional and mental health, recognise signs of stress and practise strategies for managing pressure. By the end of the Puzzle, children create a Healthy Body, Healthy Mind outcome for the Healthy Me

		them feel good about themselves. Pupils share their ideas about how to keep clean and healthy in the whole school Happy, Healthy Me Recipe Book.	Recipe Book, celebrating practical ways to stay healthy and safe every day.				Recipe Book Puzzle Outcome, celebrating resilience
Taught knowledge	Knowledge I can name some parts of my body and understand that being active helps keep me healthy I understand that moving my body and resting are both important for my health I can talk about things I need to do to stay healthy I know what “healthy” means and can begin to make healthy food choices I know how to help myself go to sleep and understand why sleep is important I can wash my hands and understand why this is important,	Knowledge I understand the difference between being healthy and unhealthy and know some ways to keep myself healthy I know how to make healthy lifestyle choices I know how to keep myself clean and healthy, and understand how germs cause disease/illness I know that all household products including medicines can be harmful if not used properly I understand how medicines can help me if I feel poorly and I know	Knowledge I can sort foods into the correct food groups and know which foods my body needs to keep me healthy I can make some healthy snacks and explain why they are good for my body and give me energy I can recognise hazards in my home, including fire risks and hot things, and know how to reduce risks and keep myself safe I can recognise risks and know how to keep safe around roads, railways, and water, and can explain why safety rules help protect me I understand how medicines work in my body and how	Knowledge I understand how exercise affects my body and know why my heart and lungs are such important organs I know that the amount of calories, fat and sugar I put into my body will affect my health I can tell you my knowledge and attitude towards drugs I can identify things, people and places that I need to keep safe from I know some strategies for keeping myself safe, who to go to for help and how to call emergency services I can identify when something feels safe or unsafe I understand how complex my body is and how important it is to take care of it	Knowledge I recognise how different friendship groups are formed, how I fit into them and the friends I value the most I understand how peer influence can lead to unsafe choices, including fire risks and risky behaviour, and know how to reduce risks and ask for help I know some facts about the effects of smoking and vaping on health, and why some people might start to smoke or vape I understand the facts about alcohol and its effects on health, particularly the liver, and some of the reasons some people drink alcohol I can recognise when people are putting me under pressure and can explain ways to resist this when I want	Knowledge I know there are health risks with smoking and vaping and can tell you some of the ways that tobacco and nicotine are harmful to the body I know some of the risks with misusing alcohol, including anti-social behaviour, and how it affects the liver and heart I know and can put into practice basic emergency aid procedures (including recovery position) and know how to get help in emergency situations I understand how the media, social media and celebrity culture promotes certain body types I can describe the different attitudes people have to food and how these can be	Knowledge I can take responsibility for my health and make choices that benefit my health and well-being I know about different types of drugs and their uses and their effects on the body particularly the liver and heart I understand that some people can be exploited and made to do things that are against the law I know why some people join gangs and the risks this involves I understand what it means to be emotionally well and can explore people's attitudes towards mental health/illness I can recognise stress and the triggers that

	especially before eating and after using the toilet I know who my safe adults are and how to stay safe if they are not close by	how to use them safely I know how to keep safe when crossing the road, and about people who can help me to stay safe I can tell you why I think my body is amazing and can identify some ways to keep it safe and healthy	important it is to use them safely I can explain how to keep my body healthy and safe at home and when I'm out		I know myself well enough to have a clear picture of what I believe is right and wrong	affected by external influences I know what makes a healthy lifestyle including healthy eating and the choices I need to make to be healthy and happy	cause this and I understand how stress can cause drug and alcohol misuse
Social and Emotional skills	Social and Emotional Skills I can notice how my body feels when I am active and understand that moving helps keep me well I can recognise when my body needs movement or rest I can talk about some ways I can look after myself and keep my body healthy I can make simple healthy choices and notice how these help my body and feelings I can use strategies that help me feel	Social and Emotional Skills I feel good about myself when I make healthy choices I am special so keep myself safe I know some ways to help myself when I feel poorly I can recognise when I feel frightened and know who to ask for help I can recognise how being healthy helps me to feel happy	Social and Emotional Skills I have a healthy relationship with food and know which foods I enjoy the most I can express how it feels to share healthy food with my friends I can recognise when I feel worried or unsafe and know to tell an adult straight away I can recognise some of the feelings I get when something feels unsafe and know some ways to manage these to make a safer choice I feel positive about caring for my body and keeping it healthy	Social and Emotional Skills I can set myself a fitness challenge I know what it feels like to make a healthy choice I can identify how I feel towards drugs I can express how being anxious or scared feels I can take responsibility for keeping myself and others safe I respect my body and appreciate what it does for me	Social and Emotional Skills I can identify the feelings I have about my friends and my different friendship groups I can recognise feelings of embarrassment, pressure or wanting to fit in that might stop me making safe choices, and know how to manage these feelings to keep myself safe I can recognise negative feelings in peer pressure situation (such as embarrassment, shame, inadequacy and guilt) and know how to act assertively to resist pressure from myself and others I can identify feelings of anxiety and fear associated with peer pressure	Social and Emotional Skills I can make an informed decision about whether or not I choose to smoke or vape and know how to resist pressure I can make an informed decision about whether or not I choose to drink alcohol and know how to resist pressure I know how to keep myself calm in emergencies I can reflect on my own body image and know how important it is that this is positive, and I accept and respect myself for who I am I respect and value my body	Social and Emotional Skills I am motivated to care for my physical and emotional health I am motivated to find ways to be happy and cope with life's situations without using drugs I can suggest ways that someone who is being exploited can help themselves I can suggest strategies someone could use to avoid being pressurised I know how to help myself feel emotionally healthy and can recognise when I need help with this

	calm and ready for sleep I can take responsibility for caring for my body by keeping myself clean and healthy I can identify trusted adults and ask for help when I feel unsafe or unsure		I can make good choices that help me stay healthy and safe		I can tap into my inner strength and know how to be assertive	I am motivated to keep myself healthy and happy	I use different strategies to manage stress and pressure
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Vocabulary							
Year group	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate EYFS & KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Puzzle vocabulary	asleep challenge clean exercise germs healthy hygiene less healthy movement rest safe scared sleep stranger stretch teeth unexpected unplanned worried	balanced bacteria body parts choices clean crossing ears exercise eyes germs healthy hygienic keeping clean kerb less healthy listen look medicines nervous	assess balanced diet barriers body choices crossing dangerous energy hazard healthy medicines nutritious portion react risk risks safe scared stop, drop, roll	advice ambulance anxious appreciate attitude body calories/kilojoules choice coastguard helicopter complex dangerous drugs emergency emergency services energy fat feelings fire engine fitness	advice agree/disagree alcohol alcohol anxiety assertive believe disease emotions embarrassment fear follower friendship groups friendships guilt healthy leader liver lonely opinion	addicted alcohol altered body image calm celebrity choices comparison debate emergency fact healthy behaviour healthy lifestyle informed decision influence level-headed media motivation nicotine	anti-social behaviour choice crime criminal drugs effects emotional health exploited gangs gang illegal immunisation managing stress mental health mental illness motivation new psychoactive substances over-the-counter prevention

		pavement safe scared sleep soap traffic traffic lights trust unhealthy virus wait	unhealthy unsafe worry	harmful heartbeat healthy heart labels lungs oxygen police car responsibility risk safe scared strategy sugar saturated fat unsafe	peers pressure puberty relationships right roles smoking trust value vaping wrong	obesity opinion pressure procedure recovery position self-respect smoking social media tobacco unhealthy behaviour vaping	prescribed pressure reputation responsibility restricted strategies stress synthetic highs symptoms triggers unrestricted volatile substances vulnerable
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About this Puzzle

Relationships is where RSHE Relationships Education is most fully expressed. Children explore the full range of relationships in their lives; families, friendships, communities and, as they grow, early ideas about romantic relationships, learning what makes these healthy, safe and respectful. They develop skills to negotiate, compromise, manage conflict and repair friendships, while learning to recognise when a relationship is making them unhappy or unsafe, and where to get help. Digital literacy and online safety become increasingly prominent, covering screen time, social media, online friendships, data privacy, recognising harmful or AI-generated content, and knowing how to respond when something online feels worrying. This Puzzle also addresses love, loss and bereavement.

Key evidence

[Ofcom Children's Media Use & Attitudes \(2025\)](#) — 96% of 6-7 yrs olds going online by ages 6-7yrs; 42% of 8 – 9 year olds own a mobile phone; many use social media despite age restrictions.

[2024 Teaching Relationships to prevent Sexual Abuse](#) draws together guidance to show that good RSE is best as part of a wider programme of PSHE.

[Young People's RSE Poll \(2025\)](#) — Young people tell us they want RSE to start sooner. The SEF Young People's RSE Poll 2025 found that 65% of 16–17 year olds had learnt nothing or not enough about skills for ending relationships or friendships, and 11% had no helpful source of information at all about managing their feelings.

[Ofsted's review of sexual harassment and abuse in schools](#) found evidence that the sharing of inappropriate images and videos is an issue in primary as well as secondary schools, calling for a carefully sequenced RSHE curriculum in response.

Wider curriculum and enrichment

Links to citizenship through exploring communities, family diversity and challenging stereotypes

Invite families in during this term for parent/carers events — an opportunity to demonstrate how the school community is made up of many different loving families

RSHE 2025 Relationships contributions	FPCM 1 – Importance of loving, stable families for security, stability and love. FPCM 2 – Characteristics of healthy family life; families may look different. FPCM 3 – Others' families should be respected. FPCM 4 – People who are not part of family who support children (trusted adults).	FPCM 5 – Importance of stable, caring relationships in people's lives (marriage, civil partnership). FPCM 6 – How to recognise if family relationships are making them unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help. CF 1–7 – All caring friendships requirements: characteristics, inclusivity, feeling lonely is normal, healthy friendships are welcoming, ups and downs, resolving disputes, recognising unhappy friendships. RKR 1–11 – Full range of respectful kind relationships requirements.	OSA 1 – Same principles apply online as face-to-face. OSA 2 – Rules and principles for keeping safe online OSA 3 – Minimum age for social media (currently 13). OSA 4 – Importance of caution about sharing information online; privacy and location settings. OSA 5 – How information and data is shared and used online. OSA 6 – Internet contains inappropriate content; where to go for advice. BS 1–7 – Full range of being safe requirements.
RSHE 2025 Health contributions	GW 3 – Range of emotions. GW 6 – Isolation and loneliness. GW 8 – Change, loss and bereavement can affect wellbeing. GW 9 – Where and how to seek support WO 1 – Strategies for managing screen time and recognising signs of too much.	WO 2 – What age restrictions/ratings mean; minimum age for social media. WO 3 – Risks from people online who use technology to bully, manipulate, groom or abuse. WO 4 – How to recognise harmful content including AI-generated content. WO 5 – Difference between real and online-only friendships. WO 6 – How to critically consider online friendships and sources of information.	WO 7 – How to report concerns about content or contact online. WO 8 – Impact of spending too much time online on mental health and wellbeing. WO 9 – Why social media and messaging are not suitable for all ages. WO 10 – How online content can be targeted at users and designed to attract attention. WO 11 – How to respond if online experience is worrying.

						PHF 4 – How to seek from adults if concerned about their health	
Puzzle Overview Relationships	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Children are introduced to the key relationships in their lives. They learn about families and the different roles people can have in a family. They explore the friendships they have and what makes a good friend. They are introduced to simple strategies they can use to mend friendships. The children also practise Jigsaw's Calm Me and how they can use this when feeling upset or angry.	In this Puzzle, children explore families, friendships and what it means to belong and help others feel included. They learn how to make friends, solve problems and when to seek help or support. Across the six Pieces, children practise appropriate ways to greet others, learn who can help them in their school community, and reflect on how to ask for support when they feel upset. They also build confidence by recognising their own qualities and learning how to praise themselves. By the end of the Puzzle, children celebrate people	In this Puzzle, children explore different types of families and learn why cooperation and care are important in relationships. They develop understanding about safe and unsafe physical contact and practise expressing what feels comfortable to them. Across the six Pieces, children learn how to manage friendship conflicts, recognise the difference between good and worrying secrets, and identify trusted adults who can help them. They reflect on trust, honesty and appreciation in relationships. By the end of the Puzzle, children celebrate special	In this Puzzle, children explore family roles and responsibilities and develop skills for building positive friendships, including solving conflicts and negotiating fairly. They start to learn how to stay safe online and think critically about information they see through the media and digital platforms. Across the six Pieces, children explore global connections, rights and wellbeing, developing empathy for people in different cultures and understanding how the world is interconnected. By the end of the Puzzle, children celebrate their web of relationships by creating Appreciation Streamers, recognising	In this Puzzle, children explore feelings such as jealousy, love and loss, and learn how memories can help us stay connected to people we no longer see. They develop strategies for managing difficult emotions and supporting others through change. Across the six Pieces, children practise negotiating, compromising and repairing friendships, and reflect on what makes healthy relationships. They consider early ideas about romantic relationships and learn not to feel pressured. By the end of the Puzzle, children celebrate relationships with people and animals through a Memory Box outcome, recognising care, appreciation and connection.	In this Puzzle, children build a strong sense of self by reflecting on their qualities, interests and self-esteem. They explore how relationships form online and consider both the benefits and risks of digital communities. Across the six Pieces, children learn how to stay safe when using digital technology for uses such as gaming and the internet. They learn how to balance screen time, protect personal data and recognise unsafe situations. They practise being responsible, respectful and assertive online, and learn how to seek help when worried. By the end of the Puzzle, children create an Internet Safety poster, showing how to stay happy, safe and respectful when using technology in relationships.	In this Puzzle, children explore mental health, learning how to recognise stress, anxiety and early warning signs, and how to seek support for themselves and others. They examine love and loss, understanding grief and developing strategies for managing strong emotions. Across the six Pieces, children learn about power and control in relationships, practise assertive responses, and explore how to stay safe online, including judging what is real or fake and resisting pressure. By the end of the Puzzle, children create an Internet Safety presentation, showing how to use

		who are special to them, creating a Relationship Fiesta, contributing their balloons and labels from Piece 6	people in their lives by sharing their compliment bunting to the a Relationship Fiesta Puzzle Outcome.	the importance of respect, kindness and belonging in family and friendship groups.			technology responsibly while protecting wellbeing, privacy and relationships.
Taught knowledge	Knowledge Know what a family is Know that different people in a family have different responsibilities (jobs) Know some of the characteristics of healthy and safe friendships Know that friends sometimes fall out Know some ways to mend a friendship Know that unkind words can never be taken back and they can hurt Know how to use Jigsaw's Calm Me to help when feeling angry Know some reasons why others get angry	Knowledge I can identify the members of my family and understand that there are lots of different types of families I can identify what being a good friend means to me I know appropriate ways of physical contact to greet my friends and know which ways I prefer I know who can help me in my school community I can recognise my qualities as a person and a friend I can tell you why I appreciate someone who is special to me	Knowledge I can identify the members of my family, understand my relationship with each of them and know why it is important to share and cooperate I understand that there are lots of forms of physical contact within a family and that some of this is acceptable and some is not I can identify some of the things that cause conflict with my friends I understand that sometimes it is good to keep a secret and sometimes it is not good to keep a secret I recognise and appreciate people who can help me in my family, my school and my community	Knowledge I can identify the roles and responsibilities of each member of my family and can reflect on the expectations for males and females I can identify and put into practice some of the skills of friendship e.g. taking turns, being a good listener I know and can use some strategies for keeping myself safe online I understand how people around the world help and influence my life and that media doesn't always show complete information I understand how my needs and rights are shared by children around the world and that everyone experiences difficult feelings sometimes	Knowledge I can recognise situations which can cause jealousy in relationships I can identify someone I love and can express why they are special to me I can tell you about someone I know that I no longer see I can recognise how friendships change, know how to make new friends and how to manage when I fall out with my friends I understand what having a boyfriend/girlfriend might mean and that it is a special relationship for when I am older I know how to show love and appreciation to the people and animals who are special to me	Knowledge I have an accurate picture of who I am as a person in terms of my characteristics and personal qualities I understand that belonging to an online community can have positive and negative consequences I understand there are rights and responsibilities in an online community or social network I know there are rights and responsibilities when playing an online game I can recognise when I am spending too much time using devices (screen time) I can explain how to stay safe when using technology to communicate with my friends I understand I have rights about my personal data	Knowledge I know that it is important to take care of my mental health I know how to take care of my mental health I understand there are different stages of grief and that there are different types of loss that cause people to grieve I can recognise when people are trying to gain power or control I can judge whether something online is safe and helpful to me I can use technology positively and safely to communicate with my friends and family

			I can express my appreciation for the people in my special relationships	I know how to express my appreciation to my friends and family			
Social and Emotional skills	Social and Emotional Skills Can identify what jobs they do in their family and those carried out by parents/carers and siblings Can suggest ways to make a friend or help someone who is lonely Can use different ways to mend a friendship Can recognise what being angry feels like Can use Calm Me when angry or upset	Social and Emotional Skills I know how it feels to belong to a family and care about the people who are important to me I know how to make a new friend I can recognise which forms of physical contact are acceptable and unacceptable to me I know when I need help and know how to ask for it I know ways to praise myself I can express how I feel about them	Social and Emotional Skills I accept that everyone's family is different and understand that most people value their family I know which types of physical contact I like and don't like and can talk about this I can demonstrate how to use the positive problem-solving technique to resolve conflicts I know how it feels to be asked to keep a secret I do not want to keep and know who to talk to about this I understand how it feels to trust someone I am comfortable accepting appreciation from others	Social and Emotional Skills I can describe how taking some responsibility in my family makes me feel I know how to negotiate in conflict situations to try to find a win-win solution I know who to ask for help if I am worried or concerned about anything online I can appreciate different cultures, and question stereotypes I might see in photos or information I can empathise with children whose lives are different to mine and know who I can talk to when I need help I enjoy being part of a family and friendship groups	Social and Emotional Skills I can identify feelings associated with jealousy and suggest strategies to problem-solve when this happens I know how most people feel when they lose someone or something they love I understand that we can remember people even if we no longer see them I know how to stand up for myself and how to negotiate and compromise I understand that boyfriend/girlfriend relationships are personal and special, and there is no need to feel pressurised into having a boyfriend/girlfriend I can love and be loved	Social and Emotional Skills I know to keep building my own self-esteem I can recognise when an online community feels unsafe or uncomfortable I can recognise when an online community is helpful or unhelpful to me I can recognise when an online game is becoming unhelpful or unsafe I can identify things I can do to reduce screen time, so my health isn't affected I can use strategies to help me stay safer online including confident questioning information and saying 'no' when I feel uncomfortable	Social and Emotional Skills I can understand that people can get problems with their mental health and that it is nothing to be ashamed of I can help myself and others when worried about a mental health problem I can recognise when I am feeling those emotions and have strategies to manage them I can demonstrate ways I could stand up for myself and my friends in situations where others are trying to gain power or control I can resist pressure to do something online that might hurt myself or others I can take responsibility for my own safety and well-being

Vocabulary							
Year group	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate EYFS & KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Puzzle vocabulary	angry excited falling out family feelings friends happy home hurtful jobs kind lonely problem solve relationships responsible solutions unkind upset worried	appreciate belong celebrate community confidence different dislike family feel feelings friendship friends greeting help helpful incredible kind like praise proud qualities relationships same skills special texture touch	acceptable adult appreciate celebrate communication compliments conflict cooperate different dislike diverse family frightened friends good secret happy honesty hugs important like likes/dislikes negative not acceptable physical contact point of view positive problem solving relationship reliability sad secret special stereotype surprise touch	age restriction appreciation careers celebrating conflict culture deprivation differences fairness family feelings/emotions female friendship gaming/apps global happiness influence inequality in-app purchases internet interconnected job location settings male manners media messaging needs personal information privacy problem solving relationships respect responsibilities rights	anger appreciation attraction betrayal boyfriend care close comfortable compromise conflict critical thinking emotions empathy envy friendships girlfriend jealousy lonely / loneliness loss love loyalty manage memories memento negotiate negative personal positive pressure problem-solve reality relationship remember souvenir special	addiction age restriction appropriate assertive being responsible bullying characteristics choices community controlling data data protection devices fake online hoaxes gambling / betting grooming harassed hobbies interests location settings lonely loot boxes mental health offline online personal information personal qualities physical health privacy reliable reporting responsibility responsibilities rights risk	age restrictions ai (artificial intelligence) anxiety ashamed assertive authority bullying communication consent control courtesy digital rights early warning signs emotions feelings grief influences isolation loneliness mental health personal data power pressure privacy real / fake respect risks safety self-care self-control signs stigma strategies stress support

			trust trustworthy worry secret	risky role safe/unsafe sex (male and female) social media solution stereotype support trade trusted adult trust united nations unisex wants wellbeing win-win	support symbol trust vulnerable	risky safe screen time self-esteem self-perception social social network targeting troll trustworthy vulnerable wellbeing	targeting technology true / untrue warning
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Changing Me Puzzle – Summer 2

About this Puzzle

Changing Me supports children through the physical and emotional changes that come with growing up — from exploring life cycles in the early years through to learning about puberty, reproduction and the transition to secondary school. Children develop accurate, age-appropriate knowledge and the emotional vocabulary to feel confident about changes happening to their bodies and lives. Self-image, body confidence and challenging negative body-talk are important threads, alongside correct anatomical vocabulary, understanding privacy and consent, and recognising appropriate and inappropriate contact. The Puzzle also addresses wider changes in families, friendships and circumstances, helping children build strategies for coping and seeking support.

Key evidence

NHS Guidance on Puberty — Puberty can begin [ages 8–13 for girls](#) and 9–14 for boys; some girls start menstruation as early as Years 3 or 4. Statutory guidance requires teaching before onset.

[Evidence on the influence of pornography on children and young people](#) reinforces the importance of age-appropriate sex education and body safety education from the earliest years

[Sex Education Forum Young People's RSE Poll \(2025\)](#) - highlights that whilst puberty was the most fully covered RSE topic (71%), significant gaps remain — 41% learnt nothing or not enough about the correct names for genitalia and 36% about periods and menstrual wellbeing. Young people consistently called for earlier education on these topics.

Wider curriculum and enrichment

Invite the school nurse to support learning about hygiene and puberty

Invite parents with a new baby when considering life cycles

Transition materials to support pupils meeting new class teachers and Year 6 pupils moving to secondary school: Belonging section of Jigsaw+

Jigsaw+ and further resources

Statutory mapping

The most closely linked statutory expectations are summarised below, but for more thorough mapping and the full wording of every standard, go to the [RSHE Mapping Document in the Community Area](#).

RSHE 2025 Relationships contributions	FPCM 1 – Importance of loving, stable families (stable relationships for raising children). FPCM 2 – Characteristics of healthy family life. RKR 8 – Self-respect and its link to happiness.	BS 1 – Appropriate boundaries. BS 2 – Concept of privacy and its implications. BS 3 – Each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate/unsafe physical and other contact.	BS 5 – How to recognise and respond to relationships where they may be at risk of harm. BS 6 – How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe. BS 7 – Where to get advice.
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	RKR 10 – Understanding and challenging stereotypes						
RSHE 2025 Health contributions	GW 3 – Range and scale of emotions, particularly around change. GW 4 – Vocabulary to describe feelings. GW 8 – That change, loss and bereavement can affect wellbeing and that everyone reacts differently.		GW 9 – Where and how to seek support. HP5 – Personal hygiene, germs, bacteria and handwashing DB 1 – Correct names of body parts including penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples; understanding these are private; skills to express own boundaries.		DB 2 – Facts about the menstrual cycle including physical and emotional changes; periods can start at 8 so covering before onset. DB 3 – Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes		
Puzzle Overview Changing Me	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Children are encouraged to think about how they have changed from being a baby and what may change for them in the future. They consolidate the names and functions of some of the main parts of the body and discuss how these have changed. They learn that our bodies change in lots of different ways as we get older. Children understand that change can bring about positive and negative feelings,	In this Puzzle, children learn about life cycles and the changes that happen as humans and animals grow. They reflect on how their own bodies have changed and develop understanding that everyone grows at different rates. Across the six Pieces, children learn the correct names for private body parts, explore how boys' and girls' bodies can be different, and practise respecting their own bodies and those of others.	In this Puzzle, children explore life cycles in nature and how humans grow from young to old, learning that some changes are outside their control. They reflect on how their own bodies and independence change over time and develop respect for differences in themselves and others. Across the six Pieces, children learn correct names for body parts, understand	In this Puzzle, children learn how babies grow and explore the physical changes that happen to bodies as people grow up, including some inside and outside changes linked to puberty. They develop understanding of personal hygiene and why caring for their bodies becomes more important as they grow and change. Across the six Pieces, children reflect on their feelings about change, learn correct vocabulary for body parts, challenge family stereotypes, and consider who they can ask for help if they feel	In this Puzzle, children explore identity and what makes them unique while learning about physical and emotional changes linked to puberty, including menstruation. They consider the role of families, trusted adults, and inner circles in providing care and support. Across the six Pieces, children develop strategies for coping with change, managing worries, and accepting things beyond their control. They practise reflecting on personal goals and positive	In this Puzzle, children explore self-image and body confidence while learning about physical and emotional changes during puberty. Across the six Pieces, children reflect on identity, adolescent friendships, and the pressures linked to appearance and growing independence. They practise challenging negative self-talk and identifying trusted adults for support, alongside discussing attraction, consent, and respectful relationships. This Puzzle includes a non-statutory sex education lesson where children learn about conception,	In this Puzzle, children explore self-image and self-esteem while learning about physical and emotional changes during puberty. Across the six Pieces, children reflect on identity, adolescent friendships, and the pressures linked to appearance and growing independence. They practise challenging negative self-talk and identifying trusted adults for support, alongside discussing attraction, consent, and respectful relationships. This Puzzle includes a non-statutory sex education lesson where develop understanding of

	and that sharing these can help. They also consider the role that memories can have in managing change.	They also think about feelings linked to change, such as excitement and worry, and learn ways to cope. At the end of the Puzzle, children contribute their flowers of change work to the whole school Tree of Change display, celebrating growth, learning and new beginnings.	privacy, and practise being assertive about touch and personal boundaries. They also think about feelings linked to future change, such as excitement and worry, and learn ways to cope. By the end of the Puzzle, children create Leaf Mobiles to celebrate growth and looking ahead.	worried. They also think about future transitions and how to cope with them. By the end of the Puzzle, children create Ribbon Mobiles to celebrate growth and looking ahead.	changes they would like to make. By the end of the Puzzle, children use Circles of Change to think about future transitions and celebrate growth and resilience.	fertility support, and how babies are made. Across the six Pieces, pupils practise identifying trusted adults and reliable sources of information, alongside discussing responsibilities linked to growing up. By the end of the Puzzle, children reflect on upcoming transitions using Circles of Change and consider how to manage feelings about future changes with confidence and resilience.	reproduction, pregnancy, and birth. By the end of the Puzzle, children consider the transition to secondary school, using Circles of Change to reflect on worries, hopes, and how to prepare confidently for the year ahead.
Taught knowledge	Knowledge Know the names and functions of some parts of the body (see vocabulary list) Know that we grow from baby to adult Know who to talk to if they are feeling worried	Knowledge I am starting to understand the life cycles of animals and humans I can tell you some things about me that have changed and some things about me that have stayed the same	Knowledge I can recognise cycles of life in nature I can tell you about the natural process of growing from young to old and understand that this is not in my control	Knowledge I understand that in animals and humans lots of changes happen from birth to fully grown, and that in mammals it is the female who has the baby Can identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the	Knowledge I understand that lots of things make up a person's identity and this is what makes them unique I can describe how a girl's body changes in order for her to be able to have babies when she is an adult, and that menstruation	Knowledge I am aware of my own self-image and how my body image fits into that I can explain how a girl's body changes during puberty and understand the importance of looking after ourselves	Knowledge I am aware of my own self-image and how my body image fits into that I can explain how girl's and boys' bodies changes during puberty and understand the importance of looking after myself physically and emotionally

	Know that sharing how they feel can help solve a worry Know that remembering happy times can help us move on	I can tell you how my body has changed since I was a baby I can identify the parts of the body that make boys different to girls and can use the correct names for these: penis, testicles, vulva, anus I understand that every time I learn something new, I change a little bit I can tell you about changes that have happened in my life	I can recognise how my body has changed since I was a baby and where I am on the continuum from young to old I can recognise the physical differences between boys and girls, use the correct names for parts of the body (penis, anus, testicles, vagina, vulva) and appreciate that some parts of my body are private I understand there are different types of touch and can tell you which ones I like and don't like I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class	growing up process and why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up I understand that as boys' and girls' bodies change at puberty, they need to think more about keeping clean and healthy I know some simple ways of keeping clean which can keep me healthy and protect me from some infections I can start to recognise stereotypical ideas I might have about parenting and family roles I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class	(having periods) is a natural part of this I know there are many types of family and that often our family members form part of our inner circle I know there are trusted people I can turn to if I need help and support as I grow up and go through puberty I know how the circle of change works and can apply it to changes I want to make in my life I can identify changes that have been and may continue to be outside of my control that I learnt to accept I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to a new class	physically and emotionally I can describe how boys' and girls' bodies change during puberty I understand that sexual intercourse can lead to conception and that is how babies are usually made I also understand that sometimes people need IVF to help them have a baby I can identify what I am looking forward to about becoming a teenager and understand this brings growing responsibilities I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class	I can describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born I understand how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship and what that might mean about having a girlfriend/boyfriend I am aware of the importance of a positive self-esteem and what I can do to develop it I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class
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Social and Emotional skills	Social and Emotional Skills	Social and Emotional Skills	Social and Emotional Skills	Social and Emotional Skills	Social and Emotional Skills	Social and Emotional Skills	Social and Emotional Skills
	Recognise that changing class can elicit happy and/or sad emotions	I understand that changes happen as we grow and that this is OK	I understand there are some changes that are outside my control and can recognise how I feel about this	I can express how I feel when I see babies or baby animals	I can describe how I will have choices about developing my own identity and interests as I grow up and that these will contribute to who I am	I know how to develop my own self esteem	I know how to develop my own self esteem
	Can say how they feel about changing class/ growing up	I know that changes are OK and that sometimes they will happen whether I want them to or not	I can identify people I respect who are older than me	Recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and know how to cope with those feelings	I have strategies to help me cope with the physical and emotional changes I will experience during puberty	I understand that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be OK for me	I can express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
	Can identify how they have changed from a baby	I understand that growing up is natural and that everybody grows at different rates	I feel proud about becoming more independent	I have started to think about the ways to keep my body clean as I grow up and how I feel about this	I appreciate how amazing it is that human bodies can reproduce in these ways	I can recognise how I feel when everybody and that it will be OK for me	I can recognise how I feel when everybody and that it will be OK for me
	Can say what might change for them they get older	I respect my body and understand which parts are private	I can describe what I enjoy about being a boy or girl whilst understanding we are all different	I can express how I feel when my ideas are challenged and might be willing to change my ideas sometimes	I know that sometimes I may feel anxious about growing up and this is normal. There are people who can support me	I can express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty	I understand that respect for one another is essential in a boyfriend/girlfriend relationship, and that I should not feel pressured into doing something I don't want to
	Can identify positive memories from the past year in school/home	I enjoy learning new things	I am confident to say what I like and don't like and can ask for help	I can start to think about changes I will make when I am in Year 3 and know how to go about this	I have started to think about the ways to keep my body clean as I grow up and how I feel about this	I can start to think about changes I will experience during puberty	I can express how I feel about my self-image and know how to challenge negative 'body-talk'
		I know some ways to cope with changes				I am confident that I can cope with the changes that growing up will bring	I know how to prepare myself emotionally for the changes next year
						I can start to think about changes I will make next year and know how to go about this	Alternative Piece 4a: Adolescent Friendships Knowledge: I know myself well enough to maintain positive relationships with others whilst still keeping my own identity
							Social and Emotional: I can be assertive when appropriate

Vocabulary							
Year group	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate EYFS & KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Puzzle vocabulary	achieved	adult	adult	animals	acceptance	If you are teaching Jigsaw PSHE in England, please check your school's policy on teaching Sex Education.	
	activities	adulthood	anus	babies	anxious	affirmation	adolescent
	adult	anus	anxious	birth	belonging	anxious	assertive
	baby	anxious	assertive	breasts	care	aspects	attraction
	body vocabulary (See P1)	baby	baby	care	characteristics	authentic	baby
	change	change	change	challenge	change	body image	caesarean
	emotions	changes	child	change	choices	change	celebrity
	exercise	copng	cope	changes	circle	characteristics	cervix
	feeling	curious	comfortable	control	control	cope	challenge
	food	excited	control	egg	family	conception	choice
	grow up	feelings	dislike	family	fallopian tube	contraception	contractions
	healthy	female	elderly	female	hobbies	consent	consent
	less healthy	grow	excited	genitals	hormone	erection	criticise
	looking forward	growing up	female	growing up	identity	edited	embryo
	memories	growth	freedom	looking forward	inner circle	embryo	feelings/emotions
	thoughts	happy	fully grown	male	interests	emotions	foetus
	worries	learn	grow	mother	love	excitement	freedoms
		life cycle	growing up	ovaries	looking forward	facial hair	identity
		male	hug	ovum / ova	menstrual cycle	fallopian tube	independence
		nervous	independent	penis	menstrual pads	fear	journey
		new	life cycle	personal hygiene	menstrual towel	fertilisation	labour
		penis	like	puberty	menstruation	fertility treatment (IVF)	looking forward
		proud	looking forward	pubic hair	ovaries	filter	love
		testicles	male	roles	panty liner	growth spurt	mental health
		vulva	nervous	scrotum	period pants	hormone	midwife
		worried	old	sperm	period products	hope	negative body-talk
			older	stereotypes	periods	hormones	opportunities
			penis	task	personality	influences	placenta
			physical	testicles	proud	larynx	pregnancy
			private	vagina	proportionate	making love	pressure
			public	womb / uterus	puberty	manage	puberty
			respect	worries	reliable		

			responsibilities teenager testicles texture timeline toddler touch uncomfortable vagina vulva young		seasons skills support tampons trusted adult trustworthy unique values vagina vulva womb	media media influencer menstrual cycle menstrual pads menstrual towels menstruation mental health/wellbeing milestone opportunities oestrogen ovary ovaries perception perceptions periods pregnancy puberty relationships reliable sources responsibilities scrotum self self-esteem self-image sexual intercourse semen sperm teenager testicles testes testosterone vagina vulva wet dream womb/uterus	real self relationship relationships responsibilities secondary self-esteem self-image transition umbilical cord values worries
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